
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended October 31, 2008

OR

Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File Number 0-21180

intuit.

INTUIT INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State of incorporation)

77-0034661
(IRS employer identification no.)

2700 Coast Avenue, Mountain View, CA 94043
(Address of principal executive offices)

(650) 944-6000
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports); and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. 320,060,903 shares of Common Stock, \$0.01 par value, were outstanding at November 25, 2008.

INTUIT INC.
FORM 10-Q
INDEX

	<u>Page Number</u>	
<u>PART I</u>	<u>FINANCIAL INFORMATION</u>	
<u>ITEM 1:</u>	<u>Financial Statements</u>	
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three months ended October 31, 2008 and 2007</u>	3
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at October 31, 2008 and July 31, 2008</u>	4
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity for the three months ended October 31, 2008 and 2007</u>	5
	<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended October 31, 2008 and 2007</u>	6
	<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	7
<u>ITEM 2:</u>	<u>Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	24
<u>ITEM 3:</u>	<u>Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk</u>	39
<u>ITEM 4:</u>	<u>Controls and Procedures</u>	41
<u>PART II</u>	<u>OTHER INFORMATION</u>	
<u>ITEM 1:</u>	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	42
<u>ITEM 1A:</u>	<u>Risk Factors</u>	43
<u>ITEM 2:</u>	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	45
<u>ITEM 6:</u>	<u>Exhibits</u>	46
	<u>Signatures</u>	47
<u>EX-10.01</u>		
<u>EX-10.02</u>		
<u>EX-10.03</u>		
<u>EX-10.04</u>		
<u>EX-10.05</u>		
<u>EX-31.01</u>		
<u>EX-31.02</u>		
<u>EX-32.01</u>		
<u>EX-32.02</u>		

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[Table of Contents](#)**PART I
ITEM 1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****INTUIT INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	<u>Three Months Ended</u>	
	<u>October 31, 2008</u>	<u>October 31, 2007</u>
<i>(In thousands, except per share amounts; unaudited)</i>		
Net revenue:		
Product	\$ 220,553	\$ 218,620
Service and other	260,826	226,318
Total net revenue	<u>481,379</u>	<u>444,938</u>
Costs and expenses:		
Cost of revenue:		
Cost of product revenue	33,400	33,747
Cost of service and other revenue	111,708	97,454
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	15,213	12,814
Selling and marketing	186,186	169,659
Research and development	136,217	149,336
General and administrative	65,097	77,115
Acquisition-related charges	9,588	8,012
Total costs and expenses	<u>557,409</u>	<u>548,137</u>
Operating loss from continuing operations	(76,030)	(103,199)
Interest expense	(11,731)	(14,049)
Interest and other income (expense)	(1,868)	17,191
Gains on marketable equity securities and other investments, net	577	713
Gain on sale of outsourced payroll assets	—	23,951
Loss from continuing operations before income taxes	(89,052)	(75,393)
Income tax benefit	(37,117)	(28,328)
Minority interest expense, net of tax	209	506
Net loss from continuing operations	(52,144)	(47,571)
Net income from discontinued operations	—	26,767
Net loss	<u>\$ (52,144)</u>	<u>\$ (20,804)</u>
Basic and diluted net loss per share from continuing operations	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.14)
Basic and diluted net income per share from discontinued operations	—	0.08
Basic and diluted net loss per share	<u>\$ (0.16)</u>	<u>\$ (0.06)</u>
Shares used in basic and diluted per share calculations	<u>323,269</u>	<u>337,584</u>

See accompanying notes.

[Table of Contents](#)

INTUIT INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

<i>(In thousands; unaudited)</i>	October 31, 2008	July 31, 2008
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 169,557	\$ 413,340
Investments	289,031	414,493
Accounts receivable, net	142,980	127,230
Income taxes receivable	157,966	60,564
Deferred income taxes	90,534	101,730
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	58,242	45,457
Current assets before funds held for customers	908,310	1,162,814
Funds held for customers	327,526	610,748
Total current assets	<u>1,235,836</u>	<u>1,773,562</u>
Long-term investments	288,354	288,310
Property and equipment, net	533,427	507,499
Goodwill	1,693,666	1,698,087
Purchased intangible assets, net	248,354	273,087
Long-term deferred income taxes	27,648	52,491
Other assets	78,465	73,548
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,105,750</u>	<u>\$ 4,666,584</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 131,238	\$ 115,198
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	116,481	229,819
Deferred revenue	339,857	359,936
Income taxes payable	174	16,211
Other current liabilities	112,462	135,326
Current liabilities before customer fund deposits	700,212	856,490
Customer fund deposits	327,526	610,748
Total current liabilities	1,027,738	1,467,238
Long-term debt	998,042	997,996
Other long-term obligations	125,763	121,489
Total liabilities	<u>2,151,543</u>	<u>2,586,723</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
Minority interest	7,182	6,907
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock	—	—
Common stock and additional paid-in capital	2,428,548	2,407,749
Treasury stock, at cost	(2,852,851)	(2,786,499)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,155	7,722
Retained earnings	2,370,173	2,443,982
Total stockholders' equity	1,947,025	2,072,954
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 4,105,750</u>	<u>\$ 4,666,584</u>

See accompanying notes.

[Table of Contents](#)

INTUIT INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Dollars in thousands; unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount					
Balance at July 31, 2008	322,599,830	\$ 3,226	\$ 2,404,523	\$ (2,786,499)	\$ 7,722	\$ 2,443,982	\$ 2,072,954
Components of comprehensive net loss:							
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(52,144)	(52,144)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	—	—	—	—	(6,567)	—	(6,567)
Comprehensive net loss							(58,711)
Issuance of common stock under							
employee stock plans	3,863,894	39	—	83,066	—	(5,932)	77,173
Restricted stock units released, net of taxes	723,363	7	(13,857)	15,726	—	(15,733)	(13,857)
Issuance of restricted stock units pursuant							
to Management Stock Purchase Plan	—	—	2,295	—	—	—	2,295
Stock repurchases under stock							
repurchase programs	(6,021,307)	(60)	—	(165,144)	—	—	(165,204)
Tax benefit from employee stock							
option transactions	—	—	10,622	—	—	—	10,622
Share-based compensation	—	—	21,753	—	—	—	21,753
Balance at October 31, 2008	321,165,780	\$ 3,212	\$ 2,425,336	\$ (2,852,851)	\$ 1,155	\$ 2,370,173	\$ 1,947,025

(Dollars in thousands; unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount					
Balance at July 31, 2007	339,157,302	\$ 3,391	\$ 2,247,755	\$ (2,207,114)	\$ 6,096	\$ 1,984,885	\$ 2,035,013
Components of comprehensive net loss:							
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(20,804)	(20,804)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	—	—	—	—	2,615	—	2,615
Comprehensive net loss							(18,189)
Issuance of common stock under							
employee stock plans	2,597,186	26	—	56,124	—	(4,815)	51,335
Restricted stock units released, net of taxes	8,157	—	(136)	177	—	(177)	(136)
Issuance of restricted stock units pursuant							
to Management Stock Purchase Plan	—	—	2,284	—	—	—	2,284
Stock repurchases under stock							
repurchase programs	(8,118,939)	(81)	—	(249,917)	—	—	(249,998)
Tax benefit from employee stock							
option transactions	—	—	11,800	—	—	—	11,800
Share-based compensation (1)	—	—	26,701	—	—	—	26,701
Balance at October 31, 2007	333,643,706	\$ 3,336	\$ 2,288,404	\$ (2,400,730)	\$ 8,711	\$ 1,959,089	\$ 1,858,810

(1) Includes \$26,655 for continuing operations and \$46 for Intuit Distribution Management Solutions discontinued operations.

See accompanying notes.

INTUIT INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Three Months Ended	
	October 31, 2008	October 31, 2007
<i>(In thousands; unaudited)</i>		
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss (1)	\$ (52,144)	\$ (20,804)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	33,585	26,222
Amortization of intangible assets	27,157	22,648
Share-based compensation	21,753	26,701
Pre-tax gain on sale of outsourced payroll assets	—	(23,951)
Pre-tax gain on sale of IDMS (1)	—	(45,667)
Deferred income taxes	45,007	7,247
Tax benefit from share-based compensation plans	10,622	11,800
Excess tax benefit from share-based compensation plans	(6,127)	(8,255)
Other	5,133	(372)
Subtotal	<u>84,986</u>	<u>(4,431)</u>
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(16,724)	(10,471)
Prepaid expenses, income taxes receivable and other assets	(120,910)	(34,686)
Accounts payable	21,575	35,998
Accrued compensation and related liabilities	(112,619)	(92,676)
Deferred revenue	(17,781)	(15,697)
Income taxes payable	(14,162)	(26,193)
Other liabilities	(24,046)	(13,207)
Total changes in operating assets and liabilities	<u>(284,667)</u>	<u>(156,932)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities (1)	<u>(199,681)</u>	<u>(161,363)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of available-for-sale debt securities	(36,072)	(289,490)
Sales of available-for-sale debt securities	147,906	349,506
Maturities of available-for-sale debt securities	10,795	131,000
Net change in funds held for payroll customers' money market funds and other cash equivalents	283,222	39,095
Purchases of property and equipment	(67,210)	(65,275)
Net change in payroll customer fund deposits	(283,222)	(39,095)
Cash received from acquirer of outsourced payroll assets	—	20,022
Proceeds from divestiture of businesses	—	97,147
Other	2,278	(9,315)
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>57,697</u>	<u>233,595</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock and release of restricted stock units under employee stock plans	63,316	51,199
Purchase of treasury stock	(165,204)	(249,998)
Excess tax benefit from share-based compensation plans	6,127	8,255
Issuance of restricted stock units pursuant to Management Stock Purchase Plan	2,295	2,284
Other	(763)	1,106
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(94,229)</u>	<u>(187,154)</u>
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(7,570)	5,789
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	<u>(243,783)</u>	<u>(109,133)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	413,340	255,201
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 169,557</u>	<u>\$ 146,068</u>

(1) Because the operating cash flows of our Intuit Distribution Management Solutions (IDMS) discontinued operations were not material for any period presented, we have not segregated them from continuing operations on these statements of cash flows. We have presented the effect of the gain on disposal of IDMS on the statement of cash flows for the three months ended October 31, 2007. See Note 4 to the financial statements.

See accompanying notes.

INTUIT INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Business

Intuit Inc. provides business and financial management solutions for small and medium sized businesses, financial institutions, consumers, and accounting professionals. Our flagship products and services, including QuickBooks, Quicken and TurboTax, simplify small business management and payroll processing, personal finance, and tax preparation and filing. Lacerte and ProSeries are Intuit's tax preparation offerings for professional accountants. Our financial institutions division, anchored by Digital Insight, provides outsourced online banking services to banks and credit unions. Founded in 1983 and headquartered in Mountain View, California, we sell our products and services primarily in the United States.

Basis of Presentation

These condensed consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Intuit and its wholly owned subsidiaries. We have eliminated all significant intercompany balances and transactions in consolidation. In December 2007 we acquired Homestead Technologies Inc. for total consideration of approximately \$170 million and in February 2008 we acquired Electronic Clearing House, Inc. for a total purchase price of approximately \$131 million. Accordingly, we have included the results of operations for these two companies in our consolidated results of operations from the respective dates of acquisition. The condensed consolidated financial statements also include the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of Superior Bankcard Services, LLC (SBS), an entity that acquires merchant accounts for our Innovative Merchant Solutions business. We are allocated 51% of the earnings and losses of this entity and 100% of the losses in excess of the minority interest capital balances. We therefore eliminate the portion of the SBS financial results that pertain to the minority interests on a separate line in our statements of operations and on our balance sheets.

As discussed in Note 4, in August 2007 we sold our Intuit Distribution Management Solutions (IDMS) business. In accordance with accounting rules, we have reclassified our financial statements for all periods prior to the sale to reflect IDMS as a discontinued operation. Unless otherwise noted, discussions in these notes pertain to our continuing operations.

We have reclassified certain amounts previously reported in our financial statements to conform to the current presentation, including amounts related to discontinued operations and reportable segments.

We have included all normal recurring adjustments and the adjustments for discontinued operations that we considered necessary to give a fair presentation of our operating results for the periods presented. These condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes should be read together with the audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2008. Results for the three months ended October 31, 2008 do not necessarily indicate the results we expect for the fiscal year ending July 31, 2009 or any other future period.

Seasonality

Our QuickBooks, Consumer Tax and Accounting Professionals businesses are highly seasonal. Some of our other offerings are also seasonal, but to a lesser extent. Revenue from our QuickBooks software products tends to be highest during our second and third fiscal quarters, although the timing of new product releases or changes in our offerings can materially shift revenue between quarters. Sales of income tax preparation products and services are heavily concentrated in the period from November through April. These seasonal patterns mean that our total net revenue is usually highest during our second quarter ending January 31 and third quarter ending April 30. We typically report losses in our first quarter ending October 31 and fourth quarter ending July 31, when revenue from our tax businesses is minimal while operating expenses continue at relatively consistent levels.

[Table of Contents](#)

Computation of Net Income (Loss) Per Share

We compute basic net income or loss per share using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. We compute diluted net income per share using the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive potential common shares outstanding during the period. Dilutive potential common shares consist of the shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options and upon the vesting of restricted stock units (RSUs) under the treasury stock method.

We include stock options with combined exercise prices and unrecognized compensation expense that are less than the average market price for our common stock, and RSUs with unrecognized compensation expense that is less than the average market price for our common stock, in the calculation of diluted net income per share. We exclude stock options with combined exercise prices and unrecognized compensation expense that are greater than the average market price for our common stock, and RSUs with unrecognized compensation expense that is greater than the average market price for our common stock, from the calculation of diluted net income per share because their effect is anti-dilutive. Under the treasury stock method, the amount that must be paid to exercise stock options, the amount of compensation expense for future service that we have not yet recognized for stock options and RSUs, and the amount of tax benefits that will be recorded in additional paid-in capital when the awards become deductible are assumed to be used to repurchase shares.

In loss periods, basic net loss per share and diluted net loss per share are identical since the effect of potential common shares is anti-dilutive and therefore excluded.

Table of Contents

The following table presents the composition of shares used in the computation of basic and diluted net loss per share for the periods indicated.

	Three Months Ended	
	October 31, 2008	October 31, 2007
<i>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</i>		
Numerator:		
Net loss from continuing operations	\$ (52,144)	\$ (47,571)
Net income from discontinued operations	—	26,767
Net loss	<u>\$ (52,144)</u>	<u>\$ (20,804)</u>
Denominator:		
Shares used in basic and diluted per share amounts:		
Weighted average common shares outstanding	<u>323,269</u>	<u>337,584</u>
Basic and diluted net loss per share:		
Basic and diluted net loss per share from continuing operations	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.14)
Basic and diluted net income per share from discontinued operations	—	0.08
Basic and diluted net loss per share	<u>\$ (0.16)</u>	<u>\$ (0.06)</u>
Weighted average stock options and restricted stock units excluded from calculation due to anti-dilutive effect:		
Stock options that would have been included in the computation of dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding if net income had been reported in the period	24,935	35,544
Restricted stock units that would have been included in the computation of dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding if net income had been reported in the period	6,856	4,778
Stock options with combined exercise prices and unrecognized compensation expense that were greater than the average market price for the common stock during the period	<u>22,966</u>	<u>17,957</u>
	<u>54,757</u>	<u>58,279</u>

Significant Customers

No customer accounted for 10% or more of total net revenue in the three months ended October 31, 2008 or 2007. No customer accounted for 10% or more of total accounts receivable at October 31, 2008 or July 31, 2008.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

SFAS 157, "Fair Value Measurements"

In September 2006 the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." SFAS 157 provides enhanced guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. The standard also responds to investors' requests for expanded information about the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. SFAS 157 applies whenever other standards require or permit assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value. This standard does not expand the use of fair value in any

Table of Contents

new circumstances. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. In February 2008 the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) 157-2, *“Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157,”* which partially defers the effective date of SFAS 157 for one year for non-financial assets and liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in an entity’s financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually). In October 2008 the FASB issued FSP 157-3, *“Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset Is Not Active,”* which clarifies the application of SFAS 157 in an inactive market and illustrates how an entity would determine fair value when the market for a financial asset is not active. On August 1, 2008 we adopted the provisions of SFAS 157 related to financial assets and financial liabilities and to non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities that we recognize or disclose at fair value on a recurring basis. We also adopted FSP 157-3 on that date. See Note 8. In accordance with FSP 157-2, we have delayed the implementation of the provisions of SFAS 157 related to the fair value of goodwill, other intangible assets and non-financial long-lived assets until our fiscal year beginning August 1, 2009. We are in the process of evaluating these portions of the standard and therefore have not yet determined the impact that their adoption will have on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

SFAS 159, “The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities”

In February 2007 the FASB issued SFAS 159, *“The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities.”* SFAS 159 provides companies with an option to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The standard’s objective is to reduce both complexity in accounting for financial instruments and the volatility in earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently. The standard requires companies to provide additional information that will help investors and other users of financial statements to more easily understand the effect of the company’s choice to use fair value on its earnings. It also requires companies to display the fair value of those assets and liabilities for which the company has chosen to use fair value on the face of the balance sheet. The new standard does not eliminate disclosure requirements included in other accounting standards, including requirements for disclosures about fair value measurements included in SFAS 157, *“Fair Value Measurements,”* and SFAS 107, *“Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments.”* SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. On August 1, 2008 we adopted SFAS 159 but did not elect the fair value option for any additional financial assets or liabilities that we held at that date.

SFAS 141 (revised 2007), “Business Combinations”

In December 2007 the FASB issued SFAS 141 (revised 2007), *“Business Combinations.”* SFAS 141R will significantly change the accounting for business combinations in a number of areas, including the measurement of assets and liabilities acquired and the treatment of contingent consideration, contingencies, acquisition costs, in-process research and development and restructuring costs. In addition, under SFAS 141R, changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances and acquired income tax uncertainties in a business combination after the measurement period will affect the income tax provision. SFAS 141R is effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2008, which means that it will be effective for our fiscal year beginning August 1, 2009. Early adoption is prohibited. We are in the process of evaluating this standard and therefore have not yet determined the impact that the adoption of SFAS 141R will have on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

SFAS 160, “Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements”

In December 2007 the FASB issued SFAS 160, *“Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements,”* which establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling (minority) interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. SFAS 160 is effective for business arrangements entered into in fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008, which means that it will be effective for our fiscal year beginning August 1, 2009. Early adoption is prohibited. We are in the process of evaluating this standard and therefore have not yet determined the impact that the adoption of SFAS 160 will have on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

FSP SFAS 142-3, “Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets”

In April 2008 the FASB issued FSP SFAS 142-3, *“Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets.”* FSP SFAS 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS 142, *“Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets.”* This new staff position is intended to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS 142 and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under SFAS 141(R), *“Business Combinations.”* FSP SFAS 142-3 is effective for fiscal years

[Table of Contents](#)

beginning after December 15, 2008, which means that it will be effective for our fiscal year beginning August 1, 2009. We are in the process of evaluating this staff position and therefore have not yet determined the impact that adoption of FSP SFAS 142-3 will have on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents, Investments and Funds Held for Customers

We consider highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents consist primarily of AAA-rated money market funds in all periods presented. Investments consist of available-for-sale investment-grade debt securities that we carry at fair value. Funds held for customers consist of cash and AAA-rated money market funds. Long-term investments consist primarily of municipal auction rate securities that we carry at fair value. Due to a decrease in liquidity in the global credit markets, we estimate the fair values of these municipal auction rate securities based on a discounted cash flow model that we prepare and inputs from third parties. See Note 8 for more information. Except for direct obligations of the United States government, securities issued by agencies of the United States government, and money market funds, we diversify our investments by limiting our holdings with any individual issuer.

The following table summarizes our cash and cash equivalents, investments and funds held for customers by balance sheet classification at the dates indicated.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	October 31, 2008		July 31, 2008	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Classification on balance sheets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 169,557	\$ 169,557	\$ 413,340	\$ 413,340
Investments	288,304	289,031	412,075	414,493
Funds held for customers	327,526	327,526	610,748	610,748
Long-term investments	288,354	288,354	288,310	288,310
Total cash and cash equivalents, investments and funds held for customers	<u>\$ 1,073,741</u>	<u>\$ 1,074,468</u>	<u>\$ 1,724,473</u>	<u>\$ 1,726,891</u>

The following table summarizes our cash and cash equivalents, investments and funds held for customers by investment category at the dates indicated.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	October 31, 2008		July 31, 2008	
	Cost	Fair Value	Cost	Fair Value
Type of issue:				
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 497,083	\$ 497,083	\$ 1,024,088	\$ 1,024,088
Available-for-sale debt securities:				
Municipal bonds	248,974	249,915	330,436	332,534
Municipal auction rate securities	285,050	285,050	285,325	285,325
U.S. agency securities	25,999	26,030	74,476	74,796
Corporate notes	13,331	13,086	7,163	7,163
Total available-for-sale debt securities	573,354	574,081	697,400	699,818
Other long-term investments	3,304	3,304	2,985	2,985
Total cash and cash equivalents, investments and funds held for customers	<u>\$ 1,073,741</u>	<u>\$ 1,074,468</u>	<u>\$ 1,724,473</u>	<u>\$ 1,726,891</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

We accumulate unrealized gains and losses on our available-for-sale debt securities, net of tax, in accumulated other comprehensive income in the stockholders' equity section of our balance sheets. Gross unrealized gains and losses on our available-for-sale debt securities were as follows at the dates indicated.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>October 31, 2008</u>	<u>July 31, 2008</u>
Gross unrealized gains	\$ 1,117	\$ 2,482
Gross unrealized losses	(390)	(64)
Net unrealized gain	<u>\$ 727</u>	<u>\$ 2,418</u>

We include realized gains and losses on our available-for-sale debt securities in interest and other income in our statements of operations. Gross realized gains and losses on our available-for-sale debt securities for the three months ended October 31, 2008 and 2007 were not significant.

See Note 8 for a discussion of the fair value of our municipal auction rate securities, which we classify as long-term investments on our balance sheets. The gross unrealized losses related to \$97.1 million in short-term available-for-sale debt securities that were in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than 12 months at October 31, 2008 were not significant. At that date we held no securities that were in a continuous unrealized loss position for longer than 12 months. We periodically review our investment portfolios to determine if any investment is other-than-temporarily impaired due to changes in credit risk or other potential valuation concerns. We believe that the investments we held at October 31, 2008 were not other-than-temporarily impaired. While certain available-for-sale debt securities have fair values that are below cost, we believe that if the securities were held to maturity it is probable that principal and interest would be collected in accordance with contractual terms. We believe that the unrealized losses at October 31, 2008 are due to changes in interest rates and not due to increased credit risk.

The following table summarizes our available-for-sale debt securities classified by the stated maturity date of the security at the dates indicated.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>October 31, 2008</u>		<u>July 31, 2008</u>	
	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
Due within one year	\$ 142,485	\$ 143,417	\$ 108,753	\$ 109,562
Due within two years	113,387	113,125	207,157	208,144
Due within three years	5,333	5,325	10,379	10,402
Due after three years	312,149	312,214	371,111	371,710
Total available-for-sale debt securities	<u>\$ 573,354</u>	<u>\$ 574,081</u>	<u>\$ 697,400</u>	<u>\$ 699,818</u>

3. Comprehensive Net Income (Loss)

SFAS 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income," establishes standards for reporting and displaying comprehensive net income (loss) and its components in stockholders' equity. SFAS 130 requires that the components of other comprehensive income (loss), such as changes in the fair value of available-for-sale debt securities and foreign currency translation adjustments, be added to our net income (loss) to arrive at comprehensive net income (loss). Other comprehensive income (loss) items have no impact on our net income (loss) as presented in our statements of operations.

[Table of Contents](#)

The components of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of income taxes, were as shown in the following table for the periods indicated. The realized gain on derivative instruments relates to two interest rate swaps that we entered into in December 2006 and settled in March 2007 in connection with the senior notes described in Note 7. We are amortizing the realized gain to interest expense over the term of the related notes.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments</u>	<u>Realized Gain on Derivative Instruments</u>	<u>Foreign Currency Translation</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at July 31, 2008	\$ 1,457	\$ 392	\$ 5,873	\$ 7,722
Unrealized loss, net of income tax benefit of \$693	(1,050)	—	—	(1,050)
Reclassification adjustment for realized loss included in net loss, net of income tax provision of \$21	31	—	—	31
Amortization of realized gain on derivative instruments, net of income tax benefit of \$7	—	(11)	—	(11)
Translation adjustment, net of income tax benefit of \$3,654	—	—	(5,537)	(5,537)
Other comprehensive loss	(1,019)	(11)	(5,537)	(6,567)
Balance at October 31, 2008	<u>\$ 438</u>	<u>\$ 381</u>	<u>\$ 336</u>	<u>\$ 1,155</u>
Balance at July 31, 2007	\$ (105)	\$ 433	\$ 5,768	\$ 6,096
Unrealized gain, net of income tax provision of \$312	474	—	—	474
Reclassification adjustment for realized gain included in net loss, net of income tax benefit of \$1	(1)	—	—	(1)
Amortization of realized gain on derivative instruments, net of income tax benefit of \$7	—	(10)	—	(10)
Translation adjustment, net of income tax provision of \$1,421	—	—	2,152	2,152
Other comprehensive income	473	(10)	2,152	2,615
Balance at October 31, 2007	<u>\$ 368</u>	<u>\$ 423</u>	<u>\$ 7,920</u>	<u>\$ 8,711</u>

Comprehensive net loss was as follows for the periods indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>Three Months Ended</u>	
	<u>October 31, 2008</u>	<u>October 31, 2007</u>
Net loss	\$ (52,144)	\$ (20,804)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(6,567)	2,615
Comprehensive net loss, net of income taxes	<u>\$ (58,711)</u>	<u>\$ (18,189)</u>
Income tax (benefit) provision netted against other comprehensive (loss) income	<u>\$ (4,333)</u>	<u>\$ 1,725</u>

4. Dispositions and Discontinued Operations

Intuit Distribution Management Solutions Discontinued Operations

In August 2007 we sold our Intuit Distribution Management Solutions (IDMS) business for approximately \$100 million in cash and recorded a net gain on disposal of \$27.5 million. IDMS was part of our Other Businesses segment.

In accordance with the provisions of SFAS 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," we determined that IDMS became a discontinued operation in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2007. We have therefore segregated the net assets and operating results of IDMS from continuing operations on our balance sheets and in our statements of operations for all periods prior to the sale. Revenue and net loss from IDMS discontinued operations were \$1.9 million and \$0.7 million for the three months ended October 31, 2007. Because IDMS operating cash flows were not material for any period presented, we have not segregated them from continuing operations on our statements of cash flows. We have presented the effect of the gain on disposal of IDMS on our statement of cash flows for the three months ended October 31, 2007.

Sale of Outsourced Payroll Assets

In March 2007 we sold certain assets related to our Complete Payroll and Premier Payroll Service businesses to Automatic Data Processing, Inc. (ADP) for a price of up to approximately \$135 million in cash. The final purchase price was contingent upon the number of customers that transitioned to ADP pursuant to the purchase agreement over a period of approximately one year from the date of sale. In the three months ended October 31, 2007 we recorded a pre-tax gain of \$24.0 million on our statement of operations for customers who transitioned to ADP during that period. We received a total purchase price of \$93.6 million and recorded a total pre-tax gain of \$83.2 million from the inception of this transaction through its completion in the third quarter of fiscal 2008.

In accordance with the provisions of SFAS 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," we did not account for this transaction as a discontinued operation because the operations and cash flows of the assets could not be clearly distinguished, operationally or for financial reporting purposes, from the rest of our outsourced payroll business. The assets were part of our Payroll and Payments segment.

5. Industry Segment and Geographic Information

SFAS 131, "Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information," establishes standards for the way in which public companies disclose certain information about operating segments in their financial reports. Consistent with SFAS 131, we have defined six reportable segments, described below, based on factors such as how we manage our operations and how our chief operating decision maker views results. We define the chief operating decision maker as our chief executive officer and our chief financial officer. Our chief operating decision maker organizes and manages our business primarily on the basis of product and service offerings. We have aggregated two operating segments to form our Payroll and Payments reportable segment.

QuickBooks product revenue is derived primarily from QuickBooks desktop software products and financial supplies such as paper checks, envelopes, invoices, business cards and business stationery. QuickBooks service and other revenue is derived primarily from QuickBooks Online, QuickBooks support plans, Web site design and hosting services for small businesses, and royalties from small business online services.

Payroll and Payments product revenue is derived primarily from QuickBooks Payroll, a family of products sold on a subscription basis offering payroll tax tables, federal and state payroll tax forms, and electronic tax payment and filing to small businesses that prepare their own payrolls. Payroll and Payments service and other revenue is derived from small business payroll services as well as from merchant services provided by our Innovative Merchant Solutions business that include credit and debit card processing, electronic check conversion and automated clearing house services. Service and other revenue for this segment also includes interest earned on funds held for payroll customers.

Consumer Tax product revenue is derived primarily from TurboTax federal and state consumer and small business desktop tax return preparation software. Consumer Tax service and other revenue is derived primarily from TurboTax Online tax return preparation services and electronic filing services.

[Table of Contents](#)

Accounting Professionals product revenue is derived primarily from Lacerte and ProSeries professional tax preparation software products and from QuickBooks Premier Accountant Edition and ProAdvisor Program for professional accountants. Accounting Professionals service and other revenue is derived primarily from electronic filing services, bank product transmission services and training services.

Financial Institutions service and other revenue is derived primarily from outsourced online banking software products that are hosted in our data centers and delivered as on-demand service offerings to banks and credit unions by our Digital Insight business.

Our Other Businesses segment consists primarily of Quicken, Intuit Real Estate Solutions (IRES), and our business in Canada. Quicken product revenue is derived primarily from Quicken desktop software products. Quicken service and other revenue is derived primarily from Quicken Online and fees from consumer online transactions. IRES product revenue is derived primarily from property management software licenses. Service and other revenue in our IRES business consists primarily of revenue from support plans, hosting services and professional services. In Canada, product revenue is derived primarily from localized versions of QuickBooks and Quicken as well as consumer desktop tax return preparation software and professional tax preparation products. Service and other revenue in Canada consists primarily of revenue from payroll services and QuickBooks support plans.

Our QuickBooks, Payroll and Payments, Consumer Tax, Accounting Professionals and Financial Institutions segments operate primarily in the United States. All of our segments sell primarily to customers located in the United States. International total net revenue was less than 5% of consolidated total net revenue for all periods presented.

We include costs such as corporate selling and marketing, product development, and general and administrative expenses and share-based compensation expenses that are not allocated to specific segments in a category we call Corporate. The Corporate category also includes amortization of purchased intangible assets, acquisition-related charges, interest expense, interest and other income, and realized net gains or losses on marketable equity securities and other investments.

The accounting policies of our reportable segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in Note 1 to the financial statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2008. Except for goodwill and purchased intangible assets, we do not generally track assets by reportable segment and, consequently, we do not disclose total assets by reportable segment.

[Table of Contents](#)

The following tables show our financial results by reportable segment for the three months ended October 31, 2008 and 2007.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	QuickBooks	Payroll and Payments	Consumer Tax	Accounting Professionals	Financial Institutions	Other Businesses	Corporate	Consolidated
Three Months Ended October 31, 2008								
Product revenue	\$ 105,419	\$ 58,321	\$ 4,170	\$ 19,113	\$ 136	\$ 33,394	\$ —	\$ 220,553
Service and other revenue	46,503	93,737	10,084	2,252	74,535	33,715	—	260,826
Total net revenue	151,922	152,058	14,254	21,365	74,671	67,109	—	481,379
Segment operating income (loss)	29,310	61,529	(31,649)	(17,107)	14,925	9,233		66,241
Common expenses							(117,470)	(117,470)
Subtotal	29,310	61,529	(31,649)	(17,107)	14,925	9,233	(117,470)	(51,229)
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	(15,213)	(15,213)
Acquisition-related charges	—	—	—	—	—	—	(9,588)	(9,588)
Interest expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	(11,731)	(11,731)
Interest and other income	—	—	—	—	—	—	(1,868)	(1,868)
Gain on marketable equity securities and other investments, net	—	—	—	—	—	—	577	577
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ 29,310	\$ 61,529	\$ (31,649)	\$ (17,107)	\$ 14,925	\$ 9,233	\$ (155,293)	\$ (89,052)

<i>(In thousands)</i>	QuickBooks	Payroll and Payments	Consumer Tax	Professional Tax	Financial Institutions	Other Businesses	Corporate	Consolidated
Three Months Ended October 31, 2007								
Product revenue	\$ 113,294	\$ 53,534	\$ 2,838	\$ 16,735	\$ 86	\$ 32,133	\$ —	\$ 218,620
Service and other revenue	29,623	77,802	10,479	1,647	72,080	34,687	—	226,318
Total net revenue	142,917	131,336	13,317	18,382	72,166	66,820	—	444,938
Segment operating income (loss)	36,574	57,108	(33,701)	(20,559)	12,411	10,544	—	62,377
Common expenses	—	—	—	—	—	—	(144,750)	(144,750)
Subtotal	36,574	57,108	(33,701)	(20,559)	12,411	10,544	(144,750)	(82,373)
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	(12,814)	(12,814)
Acquisition-related charges	—	—	—	—	—	—	(8,012)	(8,012)
Interest expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	(14,049)	(14,049)
Interest and other income	—	—	—	—	—	—	17,191	17,191
Gain on marketable equity securities and other investments, net	—	—	—	—	—	—	713	713
Gain on sale of outsourced payroll assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	23,951	23,951
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	\$ 36,574	\$ 57,108	\$ (33,701)	\$ (20,559)	\$ 12,411	\$ 10,544	\$ (137,770)	\$ (75,393)

[Table of Contents](#)

6. Current Liabilities

Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility

On March 22, 2007 we entered into an agreement with certain institutional lenders for a \$500 million unsecured revolving credit facility that will expire on March 22, 2012. Advances under the credit facility will accrue interest at rates that are equal to, at our election, either Citibank's base rate or the London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus a margin that ranges from 0.18% to 0.575% based on our senior debt credit ratings. The applicable interest rate will be increased by 0.05% for any period in which the total principal amount of advances and letters of credit under the credit facility exceeds \$250 million. The agreement includes covenants that require us to maintain a ratio of total debt to annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) of not greater than 3.25 to 1.00 and a ratio of annual EBITDA to interest payable of not less than 3.00 to 1.00. We were in compliance with these covenants at October 31, 2008. We may use amounts borrowed under this credit facility for general corporate purposes or for future acquisitions or expansion of our business. To date we have not borrowed under this credit facility.

Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities were as follows at the dates indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>October 31, 2008</u>	<u>July 31, 2008</u>
Reserve for product returns	\$ 28,394	\$ 27,910
Reserve for rebates	11,632	13,408
Interest payable	6,659	20,597
Executive deferred compensation plan	36,679	38,234
Other	29,098	35,177
Total other current liabilities	<u>\$ 112,462</u>	<u>\$ 135,326</u>

The balances of several of our other current liabilities, particularly our reserves for product returns and rebates, are affected by the seasonality of our business. See Note 1.

Restructuring Liability

In the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008 we announced a reorganization plan that has resulted in a reduction of our workforce. We recorded a \$23.3 million restructuring liability related to the workforce reduction in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008 that consisted of approximately \$16.0 million for employee severance costs and approximately \$7.3 million for facilities closure costs. We paid \$3.9 million of the facilities costs in cash during the three months ended July 31, 2008. We will pay the remaining facilities costs in cash over the period ending August 2010. We paid substantially all of the employee severance costs in cash during the three months ended October 31, 2008.

7. Long-Term Obligations

Senior Unsecured Notes

On March 12, 2007 we issued \$500 million of 5.40% senior unsecured notes due on March 15, 2012 and \$500 million of 5.75% senior unsecured notes due on March 15, 2017 (together, the Notes), for a total principal amount of \$1 billion. The Notes are redeemable by Intuit at any time, subject to a make-whole premium. We paid \$27.9 million and \$28.4 million in cash for interest on the Notes during the three months ended October 31, 2008 and 2007. Based on the trading prices of the Notes at October 31, 2008 and July 31, 2008 and the interest rates we could obtain for other borrowings with similar terms at those dates, the estimated fair value of the Notes at those dates was approximately \$842.6 million and \$964.7 million.

[Table of Contents](#)

The following table summarizes our senior unsecured notes at the dates indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>October 31, 2008</u>	<u>July 31, 2008</u>
Senior notes:		
5.40% fixed-rate notes, due 2012	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
5.75% fixed-rate notes, due 2017	500,000	500,000
Total senior notes	1,000,000	1,000,000
Unamortized discount	(1,958)	(2,004)
Total	<u>\$ 998,042</u>	<u>\$ 997,996</u>

Other Long-Term Obligations

Other long-term obligations were as follows at the dates indicated:

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>October 31, 2008</u>	<u>July 31, 2008</u>
Capital lease obligations: Monthly installments through 2011; interest rates of 4.50% to 6.75%	\$ 1,357	\$ 1,562
Total deferred rent	64,320	61,747
Long-term deferred revenue	13,094	12,939
Long-term income tax liabilities	51,597	47,857
Other	5,319	6,446
Total long-term obligations	135,687	130,551
Less current portion (included in other current liabilities)	(9,924)	(9,062)
Long-term obligations due after one year	<u>\$ 125,763</u>	<u>\$ 121,489</u>

Innovative Merchant Solutions Loan and Buyout Commitments

In April 2005 our wholly owned subsidiary, Innovative Merchant Solutions (IMS), became a member of Superior Bankcard Services, LLC (SBS), a newly formed entity that acquires merchant accounts for IMS. Our consolidated financial statements include the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of SBS, after elimination of all significant intercompany balances and transactions, including amounts outstanding under the credit agreement described below. See Note 1. In connection with the formation of this entity IMS agreed to provide to SBS revolving loans in an amount of up to \$40.0 million under the terms of a credit agreement. The credit agreement expires in July 2013, although certain events, such as a sale of SBS, can trigger earlier termination. Amounts outstanding under this agreement at October 31, 2008 totaled \$9.5 million at interest rates of 6.0% to 7.0%. Amounts outstanding under this agreement at July 31, 2008 totaled \$8.5 million at interest rates of 6.0% to 8.5%. There are no scheduled repayments on the outstanding loan balance. All unpaid principal amounts and the related accrued interest are due and payable in full at the loan expiration date.

The operating agreement of SBS requires that, no later than July 2009, either IMS agree to purchase the minority members' interests in SBS at a price to be set by negotiation or arbitration, or IMS and the minority members pursue a sale of their interests in SBS to a third party.

[Table of Contents](#)

8. Fair Value Measurements

As discussed in Note 1, “Recent Accounting Pronouncements,” on August 1, 2008 we adopted SFAS 157, “Fair Value Measurements,” for financial assets and financial liabilities and for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities that we recognize or disclose at fair value on a recurring basis (at least annually). As of the date of adoption, these consisted of cash equivalents, available-for-sale debt securities and long-term debt. On August 1, 2008 we also adopted FSP 157-3, “Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset Is Not Active.” This FSP clarifies the application of SFAS 157 in an inactive market and illustrates how an entity would determine fair value when the market for a financial asset is not active. In accordance with FSP 157-2, “Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157,” we have not yet adopted the provisions of SFAS 157 that relate to non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities that we do not recognize or disclose at fair value on a recurring basis. These include reporting units measured at fair value in a goodwill impairment test and non-financial assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination.

SFAS 157 defines fair value as the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. SFAS 157 establishes a three-level hierarchy for disclosure that is based on the extent and level of judgment used to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities.

- **Level 1** uses unadjusted quoted prices that are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Our Level 1 assets consist of cash equivalents that are invested primarily in AAA-rated money market funds.
- **Level 2** uses inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are either directly or indirectly observable through correlation with market data. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and inputs to valuation models or other pricing methodologies that do not require significant judgment because the inputs used in the model, such as interest rates and volatility, can be corroborated by readily observable market data. Our Level 2 assets consist of corporate notes, U.S. agency securities and municipal bonds that we classify as available-for-sale securities. Our Level 2 liabilities consist of long-term debt that is model priced by third parties using observable inputs.
- **Level 3** uses one or more significant inputs that are unobservable and supported by little or no market activity, and that reflect the use of significant management judgment. Level 3 assets and liabilities include those whose fair value measurements are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar valuation techniques, and significant management judgment or estimation. Our Level 3 assets consist of municipal auction rate securities.

The following table presents financial assets and financial liabilities that we measured at fair value on a recurring basis at October 31, 2008. We have classified these assets and liabilities in accordance with the fair value hierarchy set forth in SFAS 157. In instances where the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or liability fall into more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, we have classified them based on the lowest level input that is significant to the determination of the fair value.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Instruments (Level 1)</u>	<u>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)</u>	<u>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</u>	<u>Total Fair Value as of October 31, 2008</u>
Assets:				
Cash equivalents (1)	\$ 46,166	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 46,166
Corporate notes (2)	—	13,086	—	13,086
U.S. agency securities (2)	—	26,030	—	26,030
Municipal bonds (2)	—	249,915	—	249,915
Municipal auction rate securities (3)	—	—	285,050	285,050
Total assets	<u>\$ 46,166</u>	<u>\$ 289,031</u>	<u>\$ 285,050</u>	<u>\$ 620,247</u>
Liabilities:				
Long-term debt (4)	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 842,620</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 842,620</u>

- (1) Included in cash and cash equivalents on our balance sheet at October 31, 2008.
- (2) Included in investments on our balance sheet at October 31, 2008.
- (3) Included in long-term investments on our balance sheet at October 31, 2008.
- (4) Carrying value on our balance sheet at October 31, 2008 was \$998.0 million. See Note 7.

[Table of Contents](#)

The following table presents a reconciliation of financial assets that we measure at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three months ended October 31, 2008.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Balance at July 31, 2008	\$ 285,325
Transfers in to Level 3	—
Total gains or losses (realized or unrealized)	—
Settlements	(275)
Balance at October 31, 2008	<u>\$ 285,050</u>

Financial assets whose fair values we measure using Level 3 inputs consisted of municipal auction rate securities that we classified as long-term investments on our balance sheet at October 31, 2008. These securities are collateralized long-term debt instruments that are intended to provide liquidity through a Dutch auction process that resets the applicable interest rate at pre-determined intervals, typically every 35 days. Due to a decrease in liquidity in the global credit markets, in February 2008 auctions began failing for the municipal auction rate securities we held. Regularly scheduled auctions for these securities have generally continued to fail since that time. When these auctions initially failed, higher interest rates for many of the securities went into effect. Of the total auction rate securities we held at October 31, 2008, the underlying assets of \$220.7 million or 77% were student loans which are guaranteed by the U.S. Department of Education and \$240.9 million or 85% were rated AAA/Aaa by the major credit rating agencies.

We estimated the fair values of the municipal auction rate securities we held at October 31, 2008 based on a discounted cash flow model that we prepared and inputs from third parties. Key inputs to our discounted cash flow model included the current contractual interest rates; forward projections of the current contractual interest rates; the likely timing of principal repayments; the probability of full repayment considering guarantees by the U.S. Department of Education of the underlying student loans or insurance by other third parties; publicly available pricing data for recently issued student loan backed securities that are not subject to auctions; and the impact of the reduced liquidity for auction rate securities. Using our discounted cash flow model and inputs from third parties we determined that the fair values of the municipal auction rate securities we held at October 31, 2008 were substantially equal to their par values. As a result, we recorded no decrease in the fair values of those securities for the three months then ended. Based on our ability and intent to hold these auction rate securities until liquidity returns to the market or they mature, we classified them as long-term investments on our balance sheet at October 31, 2008.

In August 2008 the broker-dealers for our municipal auction rate securities announced settlements under which they may provide liquidity solutions, or purchase, the auction rate securities held by their institutional clients. On November 4, 2008 we accepted an offer from UBS AG (UBS), one of the broker-dealers for our municipal auction rate securities, that gives us the option to sell UBS a total of \$165.7 million in municipal auction rate securities at par value at any time during a two-year period beginning June 30, 2010. The offer also gives UBS the discretion to buy any or all of these securities from us at par value at any time. As discussed above, at October 31, 2008 we carried these securities at par value on our balance sheet.

Based on our expected operating cash flows and our other sources of cash, we do not believe that the reduction in liquidity of our municipal auction rate securities will have a material impact on our overall ability to meet our liquidity needs.

9. Income Taxes

Effective Tax Rate

We compute our provision for or benefit from income taxes by applying the estimated annual effective tax rate to income or loss from recurring operations and other taxable items. Our effective tax benefit rate for the three months ended October 31, 2008 was approximately 42%. Excluding net one-time benefits primarily related to the reinstatement of the federal research and experimentation credit as described below, our effective tax benefit rate for that period was approximately 35% and did not differ significantly from the federal statutory rate. State income taxes were offset primarily by the benefit we received from federal and state research and experimentation credits, the domestic production activities deduction, and tax exempt interest income. Our effective tax benefit rate for the three months ended October 31, 2007 was approximately 38%. Excluding net one-time benefits primarily related to executive stock compensation, our effective tax benefit rate for that period was approximately 36%. This differed from the federal statutory rate of 35% primarily due to state income taxes, which were partially offset by the benefit we received from tax exempt interest income, federal and state research and experimentation credits, and the domestic production activities deduction.

In October 2008 the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 was signed into law. The Act includes a reinstatement of the federal research and experimentation credit through December 31, 2009 that was retroactive to January 1, 2008. We recorded a discrete tax benefit of approximately \$6.9 million for the retroactive amount related to fiscal 2008 during the three months ended October 31, 2008.

Unrecognized Tax Benefits and Other FASB Interpretation No. 48 Considerations

The total amount of our unrecognized tax benefits at July 31, 2008 was \$44.8 million. Net of related deferred tax assets, unrecognized tax benefits were \$34.0 million at that date. If we were to recognize these net benefits, our income tax expense would reflect a favorable net impact of \$18.8 million. The recognition of the balance of these net benefits would result in an increase to stockholders' equity of \$5.5 million and a decrease to goodwill of \$9.7 million. There were no material changes to these amounts during the three months ended October 31, 2008. We believe it is reasonably possible that we will recognize up to \$25 million in unrecognized tax benefits within the next twelve months as a result of potential tax agreements.

The accounting treatment related to the realization of pre-acquisition unrecognized tax benefits will change when SFAS 141R becomes effective in the first quarter of fiscal 2010. While any realization of these unrecognized tax benefits prior to the effective date of SFAS 141R will result in a decrease to goodwill, any realization after the effective date will result in a reduction to income tax expense. See Note 1.

We recognize interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits within the provision for income taxes. At July 31, 2008, we had accrued \$4.9 million for the payment of interest and had no accruals for the payment of penalties. The amount of interest and penalties recognized during the three months ended October 31, 2008 was not significant.

10. Stockholders' Equity

Stock Repurchase Programs

Intuit's Board of Directors has authorized a series of common stock repurchase programs. Shares of common stock repurchased under these programs become treasury shares. We repurchased 6.0 million and 8.1 million shares for \$165.2 million and \$250.0 million under these programs during the three months ended October 31, 2008 and 2007. At October 31, 2008, we had authorization from our Board of Directors to expend up to an additional \$434.8 million for stock repurchases through May 15, 2011.

Repurchased shares of our common stock are held as treasury shares until they are reissued or retired. When we reissue treasury stock, if the proceeds from the sale are more than the average price we paid to acquire the shares we record an increase in additional paid-in capital. Conversely, if the proceeds from the sale are less than the average price we paid to acquire the shares, we record a decrease in additional paid-in capital to the extent of increases previously recorded for similar transactions and a decrease in retained earnings for any remaining amount.

[Table of Contents](#)

Stock Option Activity

A summary of activity under all share-based compensation plans for the three months ended October 31, 2008 was as follows:

	Shares Available for Grant	Options Outstanding	
		Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share
Balance at July 31, 2008	7,975,824	50,205,973	\$ 24.70
Options granted	(293,735)	293,735	28.22
Restricted stock units granted	(3,172,459)	—	—
Restricted stock units purchased by participants in the Management Stock Purchase Plan	(74,928)	—	—
Options exercised	—	(3,578,890)	19.56
Options and shares canceled or expired and returned to option pool, net of options canceled from expired plans	724,895	(775,560)	29.46
Restricted stock units canceled and returned to option pool, net of restricted stock units canceled from expired plans	279,595	—	—
Balance at October 31, 2008	5,439,192	46,145,258	\$ 25.05

At October 31, 2008, options to purchase 32,647,162 common shares were exercisable at a weighted average exercise price of \$23.62 per share.

Restricted Stock Unit Activity

A summary of restricted stock unit activity for the three months ended October 31, 2008 was as follows:

	Restricted Stock Units	
	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested at July 31, 2008	4,997,333	\$ 29.29
Granted	3,172,459	30.20
Vested	(692,196)	30.87
Forfeited	(280,351)	29.28
Nonvested at October 31, 2008	7,197,245	\$ 29.54

[Table of Contents](#)

Share-Based Compensation Expense

The following table summarizes the total share-based compensation expense that we recorded for the periods shown.

	Three Months Ended	
	October 31, 2008	October 31, 2007
<i>(In thousands, except per share amounts)</i>		
Cost of product revenue	\$ 246	\$ 276
Cost of service and other revenue	1,022	1,458
Selling and marketing	8,080	7,698
Research and development	6,381	7,881
General and administrative	6,024	9,342
Increase in operating loss from continuing operations and loss from continuing operations before income taxes	21,753	26,655
Income tax benefit	(7,937)	(10,135)
Increase in net loss from continuing operations	<u>\$ 13,816</u>	<u>\$ 16,520</u>
Increase in net loss per share from continuing operations:		
Basic and diluted	<u>\$ 0.04</u>	<u>\$ 0.05</u>

At October 31, 2008, there was \$254.6 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under all equity compensation plans which we expect to recognize as expense in the future. Total unrecognized compensation cost will be adjusted for future changes in estimated forfeitures. We expect to recognize that cost over a weighted average vesting period of 2.2 years.

11. Litigation

Intuit is subject to certain routine legal proceedings, as well as demands, claims and threatened litigation, that arise in the normal course of our business, including assertions that we may be infringing patents or other intellectual property rights of others. We currently believe that the ultimate amount of liability, if any, for any pending claims of any type (either alone or combined) will not materially affect our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. The ultimate outcome of any litigation is uncertain and, regardless of outcome, litigation can have an adverse impact on Intuit because of defense costs, negative publicity, diversion of management resources and other factors. Our failure to obtain necessary license or other rights, or litigation arising out of intellectual property claims, could adversely affect our business.

**ITEM 2
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

Our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) includes the following sections:

- Executive Overview that discusses at a high level our operating results and some of the trends that affect our business.
- Significant changes since our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K in the Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates that we believe are important to understanding the assumptions and judgments underlying our financial statements.
- Results of Operations that includes a more detailed discussion of our revenue and expenses.
- Liquidity and Capital Resources which discusses key aspects of our statements of cash flows, changes in our balance sheets and our financial commitments.

You should note that this MD&A discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Please see Item 1A in Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for important information to consider when evaluating such statements.

You should read this MD&A in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes in Item 1 of this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2008. In December 2007 we acquired Homestead Technologies Inc. for total consideration of approximately \$170 million and in February 2008 we acquired Electronic Clearing House, Inc. for a total purchase price of approximately \$131 million. Accordingly, we have included the results of operations for these two companies in our consolidated results of operations from their respective dates of acquisition. We also sold our Intuit Distribution Management Solutions business in August 2007 for approximately \$100 million in cash and recorded a net gain on disposal of \$27.5 million. We accounted for this business as a discontinued operation and have accordingly reclassified our statements of operations for all periods prior to the sale. Unless otherwise noted, the following discussion pertains only to our continuing operations.

Executive Overview

This overview provides a high level discussion of our operating results and some of the trends that affect our business. We believe that an understanding of these trends is important in order to understand our financial results for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 as well as our future prospects. This summary is not intended to be exhaustive, nor is it intended to be a substitute for the detailed discussion and analysis provided elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

About Intuit

Intuit is a leading provider of business and financial management solutions for small and medium sized businesses, financial institutions, consumers and accounting professionals. We organize our portfolio of businesses into four principal categories – Small Business, Tax, Financial Institutions and Other Businesses. These categories include six financial reporting segments.

Small Business: This category includes two segments – QuickBooks, and Payroll and Payments.

- Our QuickBooks segment includes QuickBooks financial and business management software and services, technical support, financial supplies, and Web site design and hosting services for small businesses.
- Our Payroll and Payments segment includes small business payroll products and services. This segment also includes merchant services provided by our Innovative Merchant Solutions business that include credit and debit card processing, electronic check conversion and automated clearing house services.

Tax: This category also includes two segments – Consumer Tax and Accounting Professionals.

- Our Consumer Tax segment includes TurboTax income tax preparation products and services for consumers and small businesses.
- Our Accounting Professionals segment includes Lacerte and ProSeries professional tax products and services. This segment also includes QuickBooks Premier Accountant Edition and the QuickBooks ProAdvisor Program for accounting professionals.

[Table of Contents](#)

Financial Institutions: This segment consists primarily of outsourced online banking services for banks and credit unions provided by our Digital Insight business.

Other Businesses: This segment includes Quicken personal finance products and services, Intuit Real Estate Solutions, and our business in Canada.

Seasonality and Trends

Our QuickBooks, Consumer Tax and Accounting Professionals businesses are highly seasonal. Some of our other offerings are also seasonal, but to a lesser extent. Revenue from our QuickBooks software products tends to be highest during our second and third fiscal quarters, although the timing of new product releases or changes in our offerings can materially shift revenue between quarters. Sales of income tax preparation products and services are heavily concentrated in the period from November through April. In our Consumer Tax business, a greater proportion of our revenue has been occurring later in this seasonal period due in part to the growth in sales of TurboTax Online, for which revenue is recognized upon printing or electronic filing of a tax return. The seasonality of our Consumer Tax and Accounting Professionals revenue is also affected by the timing of the availability of tax forms from taxing agencies and the ability of those agencies to receive electronic tax return submissions. Delays in the availability of tax forms or the ability of taxing agencies to receive submissions can cause revenue to shift from our second fiscal quarter to our third fiscal quarter. These seasonal patterns mean that our total net revenue is usually highest during our second quarter ending January 31 and third quarter ending April 30. We typically report losses in our first quarter ending October 31 and fourth quarter ending July 31, when revenue from our tax businesses is minimal while operating expenses continue at relatively consistent levels. We believe the seasonality of our revenue is likely to continue in the future. In our MD&A we often focus on year-to-date results for our seasonal businesses as they are generally more meaningful than quarterly results.

Overview of Financial Results

Total net revenue for the first three months of fiscal 2009 was \$481.4 million, up 8% compared with the first three months of fiscal 2008. The fiscal 2009 revenue increase was driven by revenue growth in our Payroll and Payments segment and our QuickBooks segment. Excluding the impact of our acquisitions of Homestead Technologies Inc. (Homestead) and Electronic Clearing House, Inc. (ECHO), total net revenue for the first three months of fiscal 2009 increased 4% compared with the same period of fiscal 2008.

Operating loss from continuing operations of \$76.0 million for the first three months of fiscal 2009 improved 26% compared with a loss of \$103.2 million for the first three months of fiscal 2008. Fiscal 2009 revenue growth of about \$36 million was partially offset by about \$9 million in higher total costs and expenses. Total costs and expenses increased about \$24 million due to our acquisitions of Homestead and ECHO and about \$10 million due to higher advertising and other marketing expenses to support the launch of QuickBooks 2009. Total costs and expenses decreased about \$28 million as a result of certain compensation-related items and, to a lesser extent, from restructuring decisions we made in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008 in connection with a reallocation of resources to key growth businesses. These factors are described in more detail under “*Cost of Revenue*” and “*Operating Expenses*” later in this Item 2.

Net loss from continuing operations of \$52.1 million for the first three months of fiscal 2009 increased from \$47.6 million for the first three months of fiscal 2008. Interest and other income (expense) decreased from income of \$17.2 million in the first three months of fiscal 2008 to expense of \$1.9 million in the first three months of fiscal 2009 due to lower interest rates and lower average invested balances affecting interest income and to a decline in the value of assets associated with our executive deferred compensation plan. In the first three months of fiscal 2008 we recorded a pre-tax gain of \$24.0 million on the sale of certain outsourced payroll assets; there was no comparable transaction in fiscal 2009. Our effective tax rates for the first quarters of fiscal 2009 and 2008 were approximately 42% and 38%.

Average shares outstanding declined during the first three months of fiscal 2009 as a result of repurchases of 6.0 million shares of common stock under our stock repurchase programs, partially offset by the issuance of 4.6 million shares in connection with our employee stock plans. Due to the foregoing factors, diluted net loss per share from continuing operations of \$0.16 for the first three months of fiscal 2009 increased from \$0.14 for the same period of fiscal 2008.

[Table of Contents](#)

We ended the first quarter of fiscal 2009 with cash, cash equivalents and investments totaling \$458.6 million, a decrease of \$369.2 million from July 31, 2008. At October 31, 2008, we also held \$285.1 million in municipal auction rate securities that we classified as long-term investments on our balance sheet. See Note 8 to the financial statements in Item 1 of this report for more information. In the first three months of fiscal 2009 we generated \$63.3 million in cash from the issuance of common stock under employee stock plans. During the same period we used \$165.2 million in cash for the repurchase of 6.0 million shares of our common stock under our stock repurchase programs, \$199.7 million in cash for operations and \$67.2 million in cash for capital expenditures. At October 31, 2008, we had authorization from our Board of Directors to expend up to an additional \$434.8 million for stock repurchases through May 15, 2011. See “*Liquidity and Capital Resources*” later in this Item 2 for more information.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

In preparing our financial statements, we make estimates, assumptions and judgments that can have a significant impact on our net revenue, operating income or loss and net income or loss, as well as on the value of certain assets and liabilities on our balance sheet. We believe that the estimates, assumptions and judgments involved in the accounting policies described in Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in Item 7 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2008 have the greatest potential impact on our financial statements, so we consider them to be our critical accounting policies and estimates. Except for the change to our fair value measurement policy that is discussed in “*Fair Value Measurements – Adoption of SFAS 157*” below, we believe that during the first three months of fiscal 2009 there were no significant changes in those critical accounting policies and estimates. Senior management has reviewed the development and selection of our critical accounting policies and estimates and their disclosure in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q with the Audit Committee of our Board of Directors.

Fair Value Measurements – Adoption of SFAS 157

On August 1, 2008 we adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, “*Fair Value Measurements*,” for financial assets and financial liabilities and for non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities that we recognize or disclose at fair value on a recurring basis. See Note 1 and Note 8 to the financial statements in Item 1 of this report for more information.

SFAS 157 defines fair value as the price that would be received from the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. SFAS 157 establishes a three-level hierarchy for disclosure that is based on the extent and level of judgment used to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities. Significant judgment is required to estimate the fair value of assets and liabilities, particularly when observable inputs are not available. For example, we use a discounted cash flow model to estimate the fair value of our municipal auction rate securities because current market data is generally unavailable. See Note 8 to the financial statements in Item 1 of this report for more information. Changes in our estimates of the fair values of our assets and liabilities could result in material increases or decreases in our net income in the period in which the change occurs.

[Table of Contents](#)**Results of Operations****Financial Overview**

(Dollars in millions,
except per
share amounts)

	<u>Q1</u> <u>FY09</u>	<u>Q1</u> <u>FY08</u>	<u>\$</u> <u>Change</u>	<u>%</u> <u>Change</u>
Total net revenue	\$ 481.4	\$ 444.9	\$ 36.5	8%
Operating loss from continuing operations	(76.0)	(103.2)	27.2	(26%)
Net loss from continuing operations	(52.1)	(47.6)	(4.5)	9%
Diluted net loss per share from continuing operations	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.02)	14%

Total net revenue increased \$36.5 million or 8% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Total net revenue was higher in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 due to 16% revenue growth in our Payroll and Payments segment and 6% revenue growth in our QuickBooks segment. Excluding the impact of our acquisitions of Homestead and ECHO, total net revenue for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 increased 4% compared with the same period of fiscal 2008. Payroll and Payments segment revenue for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 increased 9% when adjusted for our acquisition of ECHO and QuickBooks segment revenue increased 1% when adjusted for our acquisition of Homestead. See *"Total Net Revenue by Business Segment"* later in this Item 2 for more information.

Operating loss from continuing operations improved \$27.2 million or 26% in the first three months of fiscal 2009 compared with the same quarter of fiscal 2008. Higher revenue in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 was partially offset by \$9.3 million in higher total costs and expenses. Total costs and expenses increased about \$24 million due to our acquisitions of Homestead and ECHO and about \$10 million due to higher advertising and other marketing expenses to support the launch of QuickBooks 2009. Total costs and expenses decreased about \$28 million as a result of certain compensation-related items and, to a lesser extent, from lower employee and facilities expenses that resulted from restructuring decisions we made in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008 in connection with a reallocation of resources to key growth businesses. See *"Cost of Revenue"* and *"Operating Expenses"* later in this Item 2 for more information.

Net loss from continuing operations increased \$4.5 million or 9% in the first three months of fiscal 2009 compared with the first three months of fiscal 2008. Interest and other income (expense) decreased from income of \$17.2 million in the first three months of fiscal 2008 to expense of \$1.9 million in the first three months of fiscal 2009. This total decrease in income of \$19.1 million was due in part to lower interest rates and lower average invested balances that resulted in \$4 million lower interest income. Another \$12 million of the decrease in interest and other income (expense) in the first three months of fiscal 2009 compared with the same period of fiscal 2008 was due to a \$9 million decline in the value of assets associated with our executive deferred compensation plan, compared with a \$3 million increase in the value of those assets in the first three months of fiscal 2008. These amounts were offset by amounts recorded in operating expenses in connection with changes in the related liabilities. We recorded a pre-tax gain of \$24.0 million on the sale of certain outsourced payroll assets to ADP in the first three months of fiscal 2008; there was no comparable transaction in fiscal 2009. See *"Dispositions and Discontinued Operations"* later in this Item 2 for more information. Our effective tax rates for the first quarters of fiscal 2009 and 2008 were approximately 42% and 38%. See *"Income Taxes"* later in this Item 2 for more information.

[Table of Contents](#)

Total Net Revenue by Business Segment

The table below and the discussion of net revenue by business segment that follows it are organized in accordance with our six reportable business segments. See Note 5 to the financial statements in Item 1 of this report for descriptions of product revenue and service and other revenue for each segment.

<i>(Dollars in millions)</i>	<u>Q1 FY09</u>	<u>% of Total Net Revenue</u>	<u>Q1 FY08</u>	<u>% of Total Net Revenue</u>	<u>% Change</u>
QuickBooks					
Product revenue	\$ 105.4		\$ 113.3		
Service and other revenue	46.5		29.6		
Subtotal	<u>151.9</u>	32%	<u>142.9</u>	32%	6%
Payroll and Payments					
Product revenue	58.3		53.5		
Service and other revenue	93.7		77.8		
Subtotal	<u>152.0</u>	32%	<u>131.3</u>	30%	16%
Consumer Tax					
Product revenue	4.2		2.8		
Service and other revenue	10.1		10.5		
Subtotal	<u>14.3</u>	3%	<u>13.3</u>	3%	7%
Accounting Professionals					
Product revenue	19.1		16.8		
Service and other revenue	2.3		1.6		
Subtotal	<u>21.4</u>	4%	<u>18.4</u>	4%	16%
Financial Institutions					
Product revenue	0.2		0.1		
Service and other revenue	74.5		72.1		
Subtotal	<u>74.7</u>	15%	<u>72.2</u>	16%	3%
Other Businesses					
Product revenue	33.4		32.1		
Service and other revenue	33.7		34.7		
Subtotal	<u>67.1</u>	14%	<u>66.8</u>	15%	0%
Total Company					
Product revenue	220.6		218.6		
Service and other revenue	260.8		226.3		
Total net revenue	<u>\$ 481.4</u>	<u>100%</u>	<u>\$ 444.9</u>	<u>100%</u>	8%

[Table of Contents](#)

QuickBooks

QuickBooks segment total net revenue increased \$9.0 million or 6% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Excluding about \$8 million in revenue from Homestead, which we acquired in December 2007, QuickBooks segment total net revenue increased 1% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009. Total QuickBooks software unit sales, including activations of our free Simple Start offering, were down 3% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the same period of fiscal 2008. Revenue growth in that period was driven by a 9% increase in QuickBooks Online subscribers and a 22% increase in the number of active QuickBooks Enterprise Solutions customers.

Payroll and Payments

Payroll and Payments total net revenue increased \$20.7 million or 16% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008. In our Payments business, revenue increased 24% due to 18% growth in our core merchant services customer base and about \$9 million in revenue from ECHO, which we acquired in February 2008. Transaction volume per customer was down 4% compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008, reflecting an overall reduction in consumer spending. Payroll revenue was up 11% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the same quarter of fiscal 2008 due to 3% growth in the customer base and price increases. Excluding the ECHO revenue, Payroll and Payments segment revenue increased approximately 9% in the fiscal 2009 quarter.

Consumer Tax

Due to the seasonal nature of our Consumer Tax business, we typically generate nominal revenue from consumer and small business tax products and services in our first fiscal quarter compared with our second and third fiscal quarters. We do not believe that Consumer Tax net revenue results for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008 are indicative of revenue trends for the full fiscal year. We will not have substantially complete results for the 2008 tax season until the third quarter of fiscal 2009.

Accounting Professionals

Due to the seasonal nature of our Accounting Professionals business, we typically generate nominal revenue from professional tax products and services in our first fiscal quarter compared with our second and third fiscal quarters. We do not believe that Accounting Professionals net revenue results for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008 are indicative of revenue trends for the full fiscal year. We will not have substantially complete results for the 2008 tax season until the third quarter of fiscal 2009.

Financial Institutions

Financial Institutions total net revenue increased \$2.5 million or 3% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008 due to 8% growth in Internet banking end users and 18% growth in bill-pay end users. Growth in the Internet banking and bill-pay customer bases was partially offset by lower revenue per user.

Other Businesses

Other Businesses total net revenue was flat in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008. In the first quarter of fiscal 2009, revenue from our business in Canada increased 8% while revenue from Quicken and our Intuit Real Estate Solutions business was flat. The stronger U.S. dollar contributed to slower Canadian revenue growth and lowered Other Businesses segment revenue growth by approximately two percentage points in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the same period of fiscal 2008.

[Table of Contents](#)

Cost of Revenue

(Dollars in millions)

	<u>Q1 FY09</u>	<u>% of Related Revenue</u>	<u>Q1 FY08</u>	<u>% of Related Revenue</u>
Cost of product revenue	\$ 33.4	15%	\$ 33.7	15%
Cost of service and other revenue	111.7	43%	97.5	43%
Amortization of purchased intangible assets	15.2	n/a	12.8	n/a
Total cost of revenue	<u>\$ 160.3</u>	33%	<u>\$ 144.0</u>	32%

Costs of revenue as a percentage of related revenue and of total revenue were consistent in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008. This reflected a relatively constant mix of revenue across segments and no significant changes in cost structures.

Operating Expenses

(Dollars in millions)

	<u>Q1 FY09</u>	<u>% of Total Net Revenue</u>	<u>Q1 FY08</u>	<u>% of Total Net Revenue</u>
Selling and marketing	\$ 186.2	39%	\$ 169.7	38%
Research and development	136.2	28%	149.3	34%
General and administrative	65.1	13%	77.1	17%
Acquisition-related charges	9.6	2%	8.0	2%
Total operating expenses	<u>\$ 397.1</u>	82%	<u>\$ 404.1</u>	91%

Total operating expenses as a percentage of total net revenue decreased to 82% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 from 91% in the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Total operating expenses in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 included an increase of approximately \$15 million for Homestead and ECHO operating expenses and an increase of approximately \$10 million for advertising and other marketing expenses to support the launch of QuickBooks 2009. These increases were more than offset by a total of \$28 million in lower compensation-related expenses. These reductions in compensation-related expenses included a \$16 million decrease due to changes in estimates for our stock compensation and 401(k) benefits plans and a \$12 million decrease due to a decline in the value of liabilities associated with our executive deferred compensation plan.

Our selling and marketing expenses increased about \$17 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Our acquisitions of Homestead and ECHO added about \$9 million to selling and marketing expenses and increases in advertising and other marketing expenses to support the launch of QuickBooks 2009 added about \$10 million. These increases were partially offset by lower compensation expenses as described above.

We spent about \$13 million less on research and development expenses in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 than we did in the same quarter of fiscal 2008. More than half of this decline was due to lower compensation expenses as described above.

Our general and administrative expenses decreased about \$12 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008. The majority of the decline in general and administrative expenses was due to decreases in compensation expenses as described above. To a lesser extent, the decrease in general and administrative expenses was a result of restructuring decisions we made in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2008 in connection with a reallocation of resources to key growth businesses. These decisions resulted in a reduction in our workforce and the closure of certain facilities. See Note 6 to the financial statements in Item 1 of this report for more information.

[Table of Contents](#)

Segment Operating Income (Loss)

Segment operating income or loss is segment net revenue less segment cost of revenue and operating expenses. See “Executive Overview – Seasonality and Trends” earlier in this Item 2 for a description of the seasonality of our business. Segment expenses do not include certain costs, such as corporate selling and marketing, product development, and general and administrative expenses and share-based compensation expenses, which are not allocated to specific segments. These unallocated costs totaled \$117.5 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 and \$144.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Segment expenses also do not include amortization of purchased intangible assets, acquisition-related charges, interest expense, interest and other income, and realized net gains or losses on marketable equity securities and other investments. See Note 5 to the financial statements in Item 1 of this report for reconciliations of total segment operating income or loss to income or loss from continuing operations before income taxes for each fiscal period presented.

(Dollars in millions)

	<u>Q1 FY09</u>	<u>% of Related Revenue</u>	<u>Q1 FY08</u>	<u>% of Related Revenue</u>
QuickBooks	\$ 29.3	19%	\$ 36.6	26%
Payroll and Payments	61.5	40%	57.1	43%
Consumer Tax	(31.6)	NM	(33.7)	NM
Accounting Professionals	(17.1)	NM	(20.5)	NM
Financial Institutions	14.9	20%	12.4	17%
Other Businesses	9.2	14%	10.5	16%
Total segment operating income	<u>\$ 66.2</u>	14%	<u>\$ 62.4</u>	14%

NM = Not Meaningful

QuickBooks

QuickBooks segment revenue grew \$9.0 million, including about \$8 million in revenue from Homestead, which we acquired in December 2007. QuickBooks segment operating income as a percentage of related revenue decreased to 19% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 from 26% in the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Cost of revenue declined approximately \$3 million in the fiscal 2009 quarter due to cost efficiencies achieved for our QuickBooks 2009 and financial supplies product lines. Selling and marketing expenses increased approximately \$6 million due to our acquisition of Homestead and approximately \$10 million due to higher advertising and other marketing expenses to support the launch of QuickBooks 2009. Product development expenses increased approximately \$4 million in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008.

Payroll and Payments

Payroll and Payments segment revenue grew \$20.7 million, including about \$9 million in revenue from ECHO, which we acquired in February 2008. Payroll and Payments segment operating income as a percentage of related revenue decreased to 40% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 from 43% in the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Operating margins for ECHO are lower than the operating margins for the rest of our Payroll and Payments segment. In addition, we continue to make infrastructure investments in our Payments business to support its long-term growth.

Consumer Tax

Due to the seasonal nature of our Consumer Tax business, in our first fiscal quarter this segment typically generates operating losses because revenue is nominal while operating expenses continue at relatively consistent levels. We do not believe that Consumer Tax operating results for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the same period of fiscal 2008 are indicative of trends for the full fiscal year.

Accounting Professionals

Due to the seasonal nature of our Accounting Professionals business, in our first fiscal quarter this segment typically generates operating losses because revenue is nominal while operating expenses continue at relatively consistent

Table of Contents

levels. We do not believe that Accounting Professionals operating results for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the same period of fiscal 2008 are indicative of trends for the full fiscal year.

Financial Institutions

Financial Institutions segment operating income as a percentage of related revenue increased to 20% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 from 17% in the first quarter of fiscal 2008. Financial Institutions revenue for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 increased \$2.5 million while total costs and expenses remained relatively stable compared with the first quarter of fiscal 2008.

Other Businesses

Other Businesses revenue was flat while segment operating income as a percentage of related revenue decreased to 14% in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 from 16% in the first quarter of fiscal 2008. The fiscal 2009 decline in segment operating income was due in part to our investment in emerging markets.

Non-Operating Income and Expenses

Interest Expense

In March 2007 we issued \$1 billion in senior notes to finance a portion of our acquisition of Digital Insight and to fund our operations. Interest expense of \$11.7 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 and \$14.0 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2008 consisted primarily of interest on \$500 million in principal amount of the senior notes at 5.40% and interest on \$500 million in principal amount of the senior notes at 5.75%. The senior notes are due in March 2012 and March 2017 and are redeemable by Intuit at any time, subject to a make-whole premium.

Interest and Other Income (Expense)

<i>(In millions)</i>	Three Months Ended	
	October 31, 2008	October 31, 2007
Interest income	\$ 7.9	\$ 11.7
Net gains (losses) on executive deferred compensation plan assets	(9.2)	3.0
Other	(0.6)	2.5
Total interest and other income	<u>\$ (1.9)</u>	<u>\$ 17.2</u>

Lower interest rates and lower average invested balances resulted in lower interest income in the first quarter of fiscal 2009 compared with the same period of fiscal 2008. We record gains and losses associated with executive deferred compensation plan assets in interest and other income. We record gains and losses associated with the related liabilities in operating expense.

Income Taxes

Effective Tax Rate

Our effective tax benefit rate for the first quarter of fiscal 2009 was approximately 42%. Excluding net one-time benefits primarily related to the reinstatement of the federal research and experimentation credit as described below, our effective tax benefit rate for that period was approximately 35% and did not differ significantly from the federal statutory rate. State income taxes were offset primarily by the benefit we received from federal and state research and experimentation credits, the domestic production activities deduction, and tax exempt interest income. Our effective tax benefit rate for the first quarter of fiscal 2008 was approximately 38%. Excluding net one-time benefits primarily related to executive stock compensation, our effective tax benefit rate for that period was approximately 36%. This differed from the federal statutory rate of 35% due primarily to state income taxes, which were partially offset by the benefit we received from tax exempt interest income, federal and state research and experimentation credits, and the domestic production activities deduction.

Table of Contents

In October 2008 the Emergency Economic Stabilization Act of 2008 was signed into law. The Act includes a reinstatement of the federal research and experimentation credit through December 31, 2009 that was retroactive to January 1, 2008. We recorded a discrete tax benefit of approximately \$6.9 million for the retroactive amount related to fiscal 2008 during the three months ended October 31, 2008.

Net Deferred Tax Assets

At October 31, 2008, we had total net deferred tax assets of \$118.2 million and no valuation allowance. While we believe no valuation allowance was appropriate at that date, it may be necessary to record a valuation allowance if it becomes more likely that we will not realize some portion of the net deferred tax assets. We assess the need for an adjustment to the valuation allowance on a quarterly basis. The assessment is based on our estimates of future sources of taxable income for the jurisdictions in which we operate and the periods over which our deferred tax assets will be realizable. See Note 9 to the financial statements in Item 1 of this report for more information.

Dispositions and Discontinued Operations

During fiscal 2008 and fiscal 2007 we sold the assets and businesses described below. See Note 4 to the financial statements in Item 1 of this report for more complete descriptions of these dispositions and discontinued operations.

Intuit Distribution Management Solutions Discontinued Operations

In August 2007 we sold our Intuit Distribution Management Solutions (IDMS) business for approximately \$100 million in cash and recorded a net gain on disposal of \$27.5 million. In accordance with the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 144, "*Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*," we have accounted for IDMS as a discontinued operation and segregated its operating results from continuing operations in our statements of operations for all periods prior to the sale. Revenue and net loss from IDMS discontinued operations were \$1.9 million and \$0.7 million for the first quarter of fiscal 2008. IDMS was part of our Other Businesses segment.

Sale of Outsourced Payroll Assets

In March 2007 we sold certain assets related to our Complete Payroll and Premier Payroll Service business to Automated Data Processing, Inc. (ADP) for a purchase price of up to approximately \$135 million in cash. The final purchase price was contingent upon the number of customers that transitioned to ADP pursuant to the purchase agreement over a period of approximately one year from the date of sale. In the first quarter of fiscal 2008 we recorded a pre-tax gain of \$24.0 million in our statement of operations for customers who transitioned to ADP during that period. We received a total purchase price of \$93.6 million and recorded a total pre-tax gain of \$83.2 million from the inception of this transaction through its completion in the third quarter of fiscal 2008. In accordance with the provisions of SFAS 144, we did not account for this transaction as a discontinued operation. The assets were part of our Payroll and Payments segment.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

At October 31, 2008, our cash, cash equivalents and investments totaled \$458.6 million, a decrease of \$369.2 million from July 31, 2008 due to the factors noted under "*Statements of Cash Flows*" below. At October 31, 2008, we also held \$285.1 million in municipal auction rate securities that we classified as long-term investments on our balance sheet. See "*Auction Rate Securities*" below for more information. Our primary source of liquidity has been cash from operations, which entails the collection of accounts receivable for products and services. Our primary uses of cash have been for research and development programs, selling and marketing activities, capital projects, debt service costs, repurchases of common stock and acquisitions of businesses.

In March 2007 we issued five-year and ten-year senior unsecured notes totaling \$1 billion. The estimated fair value of these notes decreased from \$964.7 million at July 31, 2008 to \$842.6 million at October 31, 2008. Although this decrease in estimated fair value was caused by recent events in the credit markets rather than a change in the credit

[Table of Contents](#)

ratings of the notes, the decline could impact our future cost of capital. We also have a \$500 million unsecured revolving line of credit facility that is described later in this Item 2. To date we have not borrowed under the facility.

The following table summarizes selected measures of our liquidity and capital resources at the dates indicated:

<i>(Dollars in millions)</i>	<u>October 31, 2008</u>	<u>July 31, 2008</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Cash, cash equivalents and investments	\$ 458.6	\$ 827.8	\$ (369.2)	(45%)
Long-term investments	288.4	288.3	0.1	0%
Long-term debt	998.0	998.0	—	0%
Working capital	208.1	306.3	(98.2)	(32%)
Ratio of current assets to current liabilities	1.2 : 1	1.2 : 1		

Auction Rate Securities

At October 31, 2008, we held \$285.1 million in municipal auction rate securities. These securities are collateralized long-term debt instruments that provide liquidity through a Dutch auction process that resets the applicable interest rate at pre-determined intervals, typically every 35 days. Due to a decrease in liquidity in the global credit markets, in February 2008 auctions began failing for the municipal auction rate securities we held. Regularly scheduled auctions for these securities have generally continued to fail since that time. When these auctions initially failed, higher interest rates for many of the securities went into effect. Of the total auction rate securities we held at October 31, 2008, the underlying assets of \$220.7 million or 77% were student loans which are guaranteed by the U.S. Department of Education and \$240.9 million or 85% were rated AAA/Aaa by the major credit rating agencies.

We estimated the fair values of the municipal auction rate securities we held at October 31, 2008 based on a discounted cash flow model that we prepared and inputs from third parties. Using our discounted cash flow model and inputs from third parties we determined that the fair values of the municipal auction rate securities we held at October 31, 2008 were substantially equal to their par values. As a result, we recorded no decrease in the fair values of those securities for the three months then ended. Based on our ability and intent to hold these auction rate securities until liquidity returns to the market or they mature, we classified them as long-term investments on our balance sheet at October 31, 2008.

In August 2008 the broker-dealers for our municipal auction rate securities announced settlements under which they may provide liquidity solutions, or purchase, the auction rate securities held by their institutional clients. On November 4, 2008 we accepted an offer from UBS AG (UBS), one of the broker-dealers for our municipal auction rate securities, that gives us the option to sell UBS a total of \$165.7 million in municipal auction rate securities at par value at any time during a two-year period beginning June 30, 2010. The offer also gives UBS the discretion to buy any or all of these municipal auction rate securities from us at par value at any time. As discussed above, at October 31, 2008 we carried these securities at par value on our balance sheet. We continue to have counter-party risk associated with UBS.

Based on our expected operating cash flows and our other sources of cash, we do not believe that the reduction in liquidity of our municipal auction rate securities will have a material impact on our overall ability to meet our liquidity needs.

Table of Contents

Statements of Cash Flows

The following table summarizes selected items from our statements of cash flows for the three months ended October 31, 2008 and 2007. See the financial statements in Item 1 of this report for complete statements of cash flows for those periods.

<i>(In millions)</i>	Three Months Ended		\$ Change	% Change
	October 31, 2008	October 31, 2007		
Cash used in continuing operations	\$ (199.7)	\$ (161.4)	\$ (38.3)	24%
Net liquidation (purchases) of available-for-sale debt securities	122.6	191.0	(68.4)	(36%)
Proceeds from the sale of businesses and assets	—	117.2	(117.2)	(100%)
Purchases of property and equipment	(67.2)	(65.3)	(1.9)	3%
Purchases of treasury stock	(165.2)	(250.0)	84.8	(34%)
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock and release of restricted stock units under employee stock plans	63.3	51.2	12.1	24%

Operating Activities

During the first three months of fiscal 2009 we used \$199.7 in cash for our continuing operations. This included a seasonal net loss of \$52.1 million, an increase of \$97.4 million in income taxes receivable, and the payment of accrued fiscal 2008 annual bonuses, partially offset by adjustments for depreciation and amortization of \$60.7 million and share-based compensation expense of \$21.8 million.

During the first three months of fiscal 2008 we used \$161.4 million in cash for our continuing operations. This included a seasonal net loss of \$20.8 million and the payment of accrued fiscal 2007 annual bonuses, partially offset by adjustments for depreciation and amortization of \$48.9 million and share-based compensation of \$26.7 million.

Investing Activities

Investing activities generated \$57.7 million during the first three months of fiscal 2009. We received \$122.6 million in cash from the sale of investments, which was partially offset by the use of \$67.2 million in cash for capital expenditures.

Investing activities generated \$233.6 million during the first three months of fiscal 2008. We received \$191.0 million in cash from the sale of investments and \$117.2 million from the sales of our Intuit Distribution Management Solutions business and certain outsourced payroll assets. We used \$65.3 million in cash for capital expenditures during the first three months of fiscal 2008.

During fiscal 2008 we invested in a new data center and expanded office capacity to support the expected growth in our business. We expect our capital expenditures to decrease from approximately \$300 million in fiscal 2008 to approximately \$200 million in fiscal 2009.

Financing Activities

We used \$94.2 million in cash for financing activities during the first three months of fiscal 2009, including \$165.2 million for the repurchase of common stock under our stock repurchase programs partially offset by the receipt of \$63.3 million in cash from the issuance of common stock under employee stock plans.

We used \$187.2 million in cash for financing activities during the first three months of fiscal 2008, including \$250.0 million for the repurchase of common stock under our stock repurchase programs partially offset by the receipt of \$51.2 million in cash from the issuance of common stock under employee stock plans.

Table of Contents

Stock Repurchase Programs

Our Board of Directors has authorized a series of common stock repurchase programs. Shares of common stock repurchased under these programs become treasury shares. During the first quarters of fiscal 2009 and 2008 we repurchased 6.0 million and 8.1 million shares of our common stock for \$165.2 million and \$250.0 million under our stock repurchase programs. At October 31, 2008, we had authorization from our Board of Directors to expend up to an additional \$434.8 million for stock repurchases through May 15, 2011.

Unsecured Revolving Credit Facility

On March 22, 2007 we entered into an agreement with certain institutional lenders for a \$500 million unsecured revolving credit facility that will expire on March 22, 2012. Advances under the credit facility will accrue interest at rates that are equal to, at our election, either Citibank's base rate or the London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus a margin that ranges from 0.18% to 0.575% based on our senior debt credit ratings. The applicable interest rate will be increased by 0.05% for any period in which the total principal amount of advances and letters of credit under the credit facility exceeds \$250 million. The agreement includes covenants that require us to maintain a ratio of total debt to annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) of not greater than 3.25 to 1.00 and a ratio of annual EBITDA to interest payable of not less than 3.00 to 1.00. We were in compliance with these covenants at October 31, 2008. We may use amounts borrowed under this credit facility for general corporate purposes or for future acquisitions or expansion of our business. To date we have not borrowed under the credit facility. We currently believe that the credit facility will be available to us should we choose to borrow under it.

Liquidity and Capital Resource Requirements

We evaluate, on an ongoing basis, the merits of acquiring technology or businesses, or establishing strategic relationships with and investing in other companies. We may decide to use cash and cash equivalents, investments, and our revolving line of credit facility to fund such activities in the future.

Based on past performance and current expectations, we believe that our cash and cash equivalents, investments, and cash generated from operations will be sufficient to meet anticipated seasonal working capital needs, capital expenditure requirements, contractual obligations, commitments and other liquidity requirements associated with our operations for at least the next 12 months. As discussed above in this Item 2 under "*Liquidity and Capital Resources – Auction Rate Securities*," we do not believe that the reduction in the liquidity of our municipal auction rate securities will have a material impact on our overall ability to meet our liquidity needs.

Reserves for Returns and Rebates

Activity in our reserves for product returns and for rebates during the first three months of fiscal 2009 and comparative balances at October 31, 2007 were as shown in the following table. Due to the seasonality of our business, we compare our returns and rebate reserve balances at the end of the current fiscal quarter to the reserve balances at the end of the same quarter of the previous fiscal year.

<i>(In thousands)</i>	<u>Balance July 31, 2008</u>	<u>Additions Charged Against Revenue</u>	<u>Returns/ Redemptions</u>	<u>Balance October 31, 2008</u>	<u>Balance October 31, 2007</u>
Reserve for product returns	\$ 27,910	\$ 12,158	\$ (11,674)	\$ 28,394	\$ 28,042
Reserve for rebates	13,408	6,638	(8,414)	11,632	14,706

The fiscal 2009 decrease in our reserve for rebates was due to faster rebate payments to retailers in fiscal 2009 compared with fiscal 2008.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

At October 31, 2008, we did not have any significant off-balance sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K.

[Table of Contents](#)

Contractual Obligations

We presented our contractual obligations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2008. Except as discussed below, there have been no significant changes in those obligations during the three months ended October 31, 2008.

Commitment for Interest Payments on Senior Notes

On March 12, 2007 we issued \$500 million of 5.40% senior unsecured notes due on March 15, 2012 and \$500 million of 5.75% senior unsecured notes due on March 15, 2017 (together, the Notes). The Notes are redeemable by Intuit at any time, subject to a make-whole premium. Interest is payable semiannually on March 15 and September 15. At October 31, 2008, our maximum commitment for interest payments under the Notes was \$338.4 million.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

SFAS 157, "Fair Value Measurements"

In September 2006 the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." SFAS 157 provides enhanced guidance for using fair value to measure assets and liabilities. The standard also responds to investors' requests for expanded information about the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. SFAS 157 applies whenever other standards require or permit assets or liabilities to be measured at fair value. This standard does not expand the use of fair value in any new circumstances. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. In February 2008 the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) 157-2, "Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157," which partially defers the effective date of SFAS 157 for one year for non-financial assets and liabilities, except for items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in an entity's financial statements on a recurring basis (at least annually). In October 2008 the FASB issued FSP 157-3, "Determining the Fair Value of a Financial Asset When the Market for That Asset Is Not Active," which clarifies the application of SFAS 157 in an inactive market and illustrates how an entity would determine fair value when the market for a financial asset is not active. On August 1, 2008 we adopted the provisions of SFAS 157 related to financial assets and financial liabilities and to non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities that we recognize or disclose at fair value on a recurring basis. We also adopted FSP 157-3 on that date. See Note 8 to the financial statements in Item 1 of this report. In accordance with FSP 157-2, we have delayed the implementation of the provisions of SFAS 157 related to the fair value of goodwill, other intangible assets and non-financial long-lived assets until our fiscal year beginning August 1, 2009. We are in the process of evaluating these portions of the standard and therefore have not yet determined the impact that their adoption will have on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

SFAS 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities"

In February 2007 the FASB issued SFAS 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." SFAS 159 provides companies with an option to report selected financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The standard's objective is to reduce both complexity in accounting for financial instruments and the volatility in earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently. The standard requires companies to provide additional information that will help investors and other users of financial statements to more easily understand the effect of the company's choice to use fair value on its earnings. It also requires companies to display the fair value of those assets and liabilities for which the company has chosen to use fair value on the face of the balance sheet. The new standard does not eliminate disclosure requirements included in other accounting standards, including requirements for disclosures about fair value measurements included in SFAS 157, "Fair Value Measurements," and SFAS 107, "Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments." SFAS 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. On August 1, 2008 we adopted SFAS 159 but did not elect the fair value option for any additional financial assets or liabilities that we held at that date.

SFAS 141 (revised 2007), "Business Combinations"

In December 2007 the FASB issued SFAS 141 (revised 2007), "Business Combinations." SFAS 141R will significantly change the accounting for business combinations in a number of areas, including the measurement of assets and liabilities acquired and the treatment of contingent consideration, contingencies, acquisition costs, in-

[Table of Contents](#)

process research and development and restructuring costs. In addition, under SFAS 141R, changes in deferred tax asset valuation allowances and acquired income tax uncertainties in a business combination after the measurement period will impact the income tax provision. SFAS 141R is effective for business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning after December 15, 2008, which means that it will be effective for our fiscal year beginning August 1, 2009. Early adoption is prohibited. We are in the process of evaluating this standard and therefore have not yet determined the impact that the adoption of SFAS 141R will have on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

SFAS 160, “Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements”

In December 2007 the FASB issued SFAS 160, “Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements,” which establishes accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling (minority) interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. SFAS 160 is effective for business arrangements entered into in fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008, which means that it will be effective for our fiscal year beginning August 1, 2009. Early adoption is prohibited. We are in the process of evaluating this standard and therefore have not yet determined the impact that the adoption of SFAS 160 will have on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

FSP SFAS 142-3, “Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets”

In April 2008 the FASB issued FSP SFAS 142-3, “Determination of the Useful Life of Intangible Assets.” FSP SFAS 142-3 amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS 142, “Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets.” This new staff position is intended to improve the consistency between the useful life of a recognized intangible asset under SFAS 142 and the period of expected cash flows used to measure the fair value of the asset under SFAS 141(R), “Business Combinations.” FSP SFAS 142-3 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008, which means that it will be effective for our fiscal year beginning August 1, 2009. We are in the process of evaluating this staff position and therefore have not yet determined the impact that adoption of FSP SFAS 142-3 will have on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

**ITEM 3
QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Investment Risk

There has been significant deterioration and instability in the financial markets during fiscal 2009. This period of extraordinary disruption and readjustment in the financial markets exposes us to additional investment risk. The value and liquidity of the securities in which we invest could deteriorate rapidly and the issuers of these securities could be subject to credit rating downgrades. In light of the current market conditions and these additional risks, we actively monitor market conditions and developments specific to the securities in which we invest. We believe that we take a conservative approach to investing our funds in that we invest only in highly-rated securities and diversify our portfolio of investments. While we believe we take prudent measures to mitigate investment related risks, such risks cannot be fully eliminated because of market circumstances that are outside our control.

Our investments consist of instruments that meet quality standards consistent with our investment policy. This policy specifies that, except for direct obligations of the United States government, securities issued by agencies of the United States government, and money market funds, we diversify our investments by limiting our holdings with any individual issuer. We do not hold derivative financial instruments in our portfolio of investments.

See Note 2 to the financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a summary of the cost and fair value of our investments by type of issue. See Note 8 to the financial statements and *“Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Liquidity and Capital Resources,”* in Part I, Item 2 for a description of market events that have affected the liquidity of certain municipal auction rate securities that we held at October 31, 2008.

Interest Rate Risk

Our cash equivalents and investments are subject to market risk due to changes in interest rates. Interest rate movements affect the interest income we earn on cash equivalents and investments and the fair value of those investments. Should the Federal Reserve Target Rate increase by 25 basis points from the level of October 31, 2008, the value of our investments would decline by approximately \$0.7 million. Should the Federal Reserve Target Rate increase by 100 basis points from the level of October 31, 2008, the value of our investments would decline by approximately \$2.6 million.

We are also exposed to the impact of changes in interest rates as they affect our \$500 million revolving credit facility. Advances under the credit facility accrue interest at rates that are equal to Citibank’s base rate or the London InterBank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus a margin that ranges from 0.18% to 0.575% based on our senior debt credit ratings. Consequently, our interest expense would fluctuate with changes in the general level of these interest rates if we were to borrow any amounts under the credit facility. At October 31, 2008, no amounts were outstanding under the credit facility.

On March 12, 2007 we issued \$500 million of 5.40% senior unsecured notes due on March 15, 2012 and \$500 million of 5.75% senior unsecured notes due on March 15, 2017. Since these senior notes bear interest at fixed rates, they are not subject to market risk due to changes in interest rates.

Impact of Foreign Currency Rate Changes

The functional currencies of our international operating subsidiaries are the local currencies. We translate the assets and liabilities of our foreign subsidiaries at the exchange rates in effect on the balance sheet date. We translate their revenue, costs and expenses at the average rates of exchange in effect during the period. We include translation gains and losses in the stockholders’ equity section of our balance sheets. We include net gains and losses resulting from foreign exchange transactions in interest and other income in our statements of operations.

Since we translate foreign currencies (primarily Canadian dollars, British pounds and Indian rupees) into U.S. dollars for financial reporting purposes, currency fluctuations can have an impact on our financial results. The historical impact of currency fluctuations on our financial results has generally been immaterial. We believe that our

[Table of Contents](#)

exposure to currency exchange fluctuation risk is not significant because our international subsidiaries invoice customers and satisfy their financial obligations almost exclusively in their local currencies. Although the impact of currency fluctuations on our financial results has generally been immaterial in the past and we believe that for the reasons cited above currency fluctuations will not be significant in the future, there can be no guarantee that the impact of currency fluctuations will not be material in the future. As of October 31, 2008, we did not engage in foreign currency hedging activities.

ITEM 4
CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Based upon an evaluation of the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures, Intuit's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q our disclosure controls and procedures as defined under Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission and is accumulated and communicated to management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During our most recent fiscal quarter, there has not occurred any change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

[Table of Contents](#)

PART II
ITEM 1
LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

See Note 11 to the financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a description of legal proceedings.

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 1A RISK FACTORS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. All statements in this report, other than statements that are purely historical, are forward-looking statements. Words such as “expect,” “anticipate,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” “forecast,” “estimate,” “seek,” and similar expressions also identify forward-looking statements. In this report, forward-looking statements include, without limitation, the following:

- our expectations and beliefs regarding future conduct and growth of the business;
- the assumptions underlying our Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates, including our estimates regarding product rebate and return reserves; stock volatility and other assumptions used to estimate the fair value of share-based compensation; and expected future amortization of purchased intangible assets;
- our belief that the investments we hold are not other-than-temporarily impaired;
- our belief that the reduction in liquidity of the municipal auction rate securities we hold will not have a material impact on our overall ability to meet our liquidity needs;
- our belief that our exposure to currency exchange fluctuation risk will not be significant in the future;
- our assessments and estimates that determine our effective tax rate;
- our belief that our income tax valuation allowance is sufficient;
- our belief that our cash and cash equivalents, investments and cash generated from operations will be sufficient to meet our working capital, capital expenditure and other liquidity requirements for at least the next 12 months;
- our expectations regarding capital expenditures;
- our beliefs regarding seasonality and other trends for our businesses;
- our assessments and beliefs regarding the future outcome of pending legal proceedings and the liability, if any, that Intuit may incur as a result of those proceedings;
- our expectations regarding the costs and other effects of acquisition and disposition transactions; and
- the expected effects of the adoption of new accounting standards.

We caution investors that forward-looking statements are only predictions based on our current expectations about future events and are not guarantees of future performance. We encourage you to read carefully all information provided in this Quarterly Report and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission before deciding to invest in our stock or to maintain or change your investment. These forward-looking statements are based on information as of the filing date of this Quarterly Report, and we undertake no obligation to publicly revise or update any forward-looking statement for any reason.

Because forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, there are important factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements. These factors include the following:

- *We face intense competitive pressures in all of our businesses that may harm our operating results.*
- *Future revenue growth for our core products depends upon our successful introduction of new and enhanced products and services.*
- *Interruption, failure or breach of our information technology and communication systems, whether caused by natural disasters, malicious attacks or other events, could compromise the availability and security of our online products and services and lead to a loss of Intuit’s confidential or proprietary information or customer data, which could damage our reputation and harm our operating results.*
- *If we fail to maintain reliable and responsive service levels for our electronic tax offerings, or if the IRS or other governmental agencies experience difficulties in receiving customer submissions, we could lose customers and our revenue and earnings could decrease.*
- *The nature of our products necessitates timely product launches and if we experience significant product quality problems or delays, it will harm our revenue, earnings and reputation.*
- *Our collection, use and retention of personal customer information present business operations and security risks, require us to incur expenses, and could harm our business.*
- *The growth of our business depends on our ability to adapt to rapid technological change.*
- *Our reliance on a limited number of manufacturing and distribution suppliers could harm our business.*
- *As our product and service offerings become more complex our revenue streams may become less predictable.*

Table of Contents

- *Our revenue and earnings are highly seasonal and our quarterly results fluctuate significantly.*
- *We face a number of risks in our payment processing business that could result in a reduction in our revenue and earnings.*
- *We face a number of risks associated with our financial institutions business which could harm our revenue and results of operations.*
- *Because we depend on a small number of large retailers and distributors, changes in these relationships could harm our results of operations.*
- *Increased government regulation of our businesses could harm our operating results.*
- *Expansion of our operations in international markets exposes us to operational and compliance risks.*
- *If we do not respond promptly and effectively to customer service and technical support inquiries we will lose customers and our revenue and earnings will decline.*
- *If we encounter problems with our third-party customer service and technical support providers our business and operating results will be harmed.*
- *We are exposed to risks associated with credit card and payment fraud and with credit card processing.*
- *If we fail to adequately protect our intellectual property rights, competitors may exploit our innovations, which could weaken our competitive position and reduce our revenue and earnings.*
- *Third parties claiming that we infringe their proprietary rights could cause us to incur significant legal expenses and prevent us from selling our products.*
- *We expect copying and misuse of our intellectual property to be a persistent problem causing lost revenue and increased expenses.*
- *We do not own all of the software, other technologies and content used in our products and services.*
- *Our acquisition and divestiture activities could disrupt our ongoing business, may involve increased expenses and may present risks not contemplated at the time of the transactions.*
- *We have issued \$1 billion in a debt offering and may incur other debt in the future, which could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.*
- *We are subject to risks associated with information disseminated through our services.*
- *If actual product returns exceed returns reserves our financial results would be harmed.*
- *Acquisition-related costs and impairment charges can cause significant fluctuation in our net income.*
- *Our investments in auction rate securities are subject to risks that may cause losses and affect the liquidity of these investments.*
- *If we fail to operate our payroll business effectively our revenue and earnings will be harmed.*
- *Interest income attributable to payroll customer deposits may fluctuate or be eliminated, causing our revenue and earnings to decline.*
- *We may be unable to attract and retain key personnel.*
- *We are frequently a party to litigation that is costly to defend and consumes the time of our management.*
- *Unanticipated changes in our tax rates could affect our future financial results.*
- *If we fail to maintain an effective system of internal controls, we may not be able to detect fraud or report our financial results accurately, which could harm our business and the trading price of our common stock.*
- *General economic conditions may affect our revenue and harm our business.*
- *Business interruptions could adversely affect our future operating results.*

This list does not include all risks that could affect our business, and if these or any other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be inaccurate, actual results could differ materially from past results and from our expected future results.

Our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2008 lists in more detail various important risk factors facing our business in Part I, Item 1A under the heading "Risk Factors." There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in that section of our Form 10-K. We incorporate that section of the Form 10-K into this filing and encourage you to review that information. We also encourage you to review our other reports filed periodically with the Securities and Exchange Commission for any further information regarding risks facing our business.

[Table of Contents](#)

ITEM 2
UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS
PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY THE ISSUER AND AFFILIATED PURCHASERS

Stock repurchase activity during the three months ended October 31, 2008 was as follows:

<u>Period</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased</u>	<u>Average Price Paid per Share</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans</u>	<u>Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans</u>
August 1, 2008 through August 31, 2008	1,015,000	\$ 29.56	1,015,000	\$ 569,994,305
September 1, 2008 through September 30, 2008	1,960,000	\$ 30.13	1,960,000	\$ 510,933,004
October 1, 2008 through October 31, 2008	3,046,307	\$ 24.99	3,046,307	\$ 434,795,472
Total	<u>6,021,307</u>	\$ 27.44	<u>6,021,307</u>	

Notes:

1. All shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans during the three months ended October 31, 2008 were purchased under a plan we announced on May 20, 2008 under which we were authorized to repurchase up to \$600 million of our common stock from time to time over a three-year period ending on May 15, 2011.

[Table of Contents](#)

**ITEM 6
EXHIBITS**

We have filed the following exhibits as part of this report:

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Exhibit Description</u>	<u>Filed Herewith</u>	<u>Incorporated by Reference</u>
10.01+	Forms of Restricted Stock Unit Agreements: Intuit Inc. MSPP Matching Award Agreement; Intuit Inc. Performance-Based Vesting Agreement; Homestead Technologies Inc. Service-Based Vesting Agreement; and Intuit Inc. Service-Based Vesting Agreement	X	
10.02+	Amendment dated December 1, 2008 to Letter Regarding Terms of Employment by and between Intuit Inc. and Mr. R. Neil Williams dated November 2, 2007	X	
10.03+	Amendment dated December 1, 2008 to Offer Letter Agreement between Intuit and Alexander M. Lintner dated June 24, 2005 and accepted by Mr. Lintner on June 29, 2005	X	
10.04+	Letter Regarding Terms of Employment by and between Intuit Inc. and Mr. Sasan K. Goodarzi dated May 18, 2004 and Amendment dated December 1, 2008	X	
10.05+	Amendment dated December 1, 2008 to Letter Regarding Terms of Employment by and between Intuit Inc. and Mr. Brad D. Smith dated October 1, 2007	X	
31.01	Certification of Chief Executive Officer	X	
31.02	Certification of Chief Financial Officer	X	
32.01	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Executive Officer)	X	
32.02	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Financial Officer)	X	

+ Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

[Table of Contents](#)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

INTUIT INC.
(Registrant)

Date: December 4, 2008

By: /s/ R. NEIL WILLIAMS
R. Neil Williams
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Authorized Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Exhibit Description</u>	<u>Filed Herewith</u>	<u>Incorporated by Reference</u>
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10.05+	Amendment dated December 1, 2008 to Letter Regarding Terms of Employment by and between Intuit Inc. and Mr. Brad D. Smith dated October 1, 2007	X	
31.01	Certification of Chief Executive Officer	X	
31.02	Certification of Chief Financial Officer	X	
32.01	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Executive Officer)	X	
32.02	Section 1350 Certification (Chief Financial Officer)	X	

+ Indicates a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

INTUIT INC. 2005 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN GRANT AGREEMENT
Restricted Stock Unit
(MSPP Matching Award)

Intuit Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby grants you a restricted stock unit award (“Award”) pursuant to the Company’s 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2005 Plan”) and the Management Stock Purchase Program (the “MSPP”) adopted under the 2005 Plan, for the number of shares of the Company’s Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share (“Common Stock”) set forth below. All capitalized terms in this Grant Agreement (“Agreement”) that are not defined in this Agreement have the meanings given to them in the MSPP or the 2005 Plan. This Award is subject to all of the terms and conditions of the MSPP and the 2005 Plan, each of which is incorporated into this Agreement by reference. This Agreement is not meant to interpret, extend, or change the MSPP or the 2005 Plan in any way, or to represent the full terms of the MSPP or the 2005 Plan. If there is any discrepancy, conflict or omission between this Agreement and the provisions of either the MSPP or the 2005 Plan, the provisions of the MSPP and/or the 2005 Plan, as applicable, shall apply.

Name of Participant:

Employee ID:

Address:

Number of Shares:

Date of Grant:

Vesting Date:

Subject to the forfeiture provisions set forth in this Agreement, this Award will vest as to 100% of the Number of Shares on the Vesting Date set forth above, provided you have not Terminated prior to that date.

1. In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date, the following provisions will govern the vesting of this Award:

- (a) Termination Generally: In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date for any reason other than as expressly set forth in the other subsections of this Section 1 of the Agreement, this Award will terminate without having vested as to any of the shares subject to this Award and you will have no right or claim to anything under this Award.
 - (b) Termination due to Retirement: In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to your Retirement, you will vest pro-rata in a percentage of the Number of Shares equal to your number of full months of service since the Date of Grant divided by thirty-six months, rounded down to the nearest whole share of Intuit Common Stock, and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award, Retirement means the Termination of your employment with the Company after you have reached age fifty-five (55) and completed five (5) full years of service with the Company (including any Parent or Subsidiary).
 - (c) Termination due to Death or Total Disability: In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to your death or Total Disability after you have been actively employed by the Company for one year or more, this Award will vest in full, and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award, Total Disability is defined in Section 5.6(a) of the 2005 Plan.
 - (d) Termination on or Within One Year Following Corporate Transaction: In the event of your Termination by the Company or its successor, prior to the Vesting Date, but on or within one year following the date of a Corporate Transaction, you will vest pro-rata in a percentage of the Number of Shares equal to your number of full months of service since the Date of Grant divided by thirty-six months, rounded down to the nearest whole share of Intuit Common Stock, and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award,
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Corporate Transaction is defined in Section 26(h) of the 2005 Plan.

2. **Issuance of Shares under this Award:** The Company will issue you the Shares subject to this Award on the Vesting Date except that when required by Section 409A of the Code issuance shall be on the date of your “separation from service” (as defined in Treas. Reg. 1.409A-1(h)). Until the date the shares are issued to you, you will have no rights as a stockholder of the Company. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in the event that the Vesting Date occurs as a result of your Termination for any reason other than death or “disability” (as such term is defined under Section 409A of the Code), and the Company determines that as of such Vesting Date you are a “specified employee” (as such term is defined under Section 409A of the Code), any Shares that would otherwise be issued to you on such Vesting Date will not be issued to you until the date that is six months following the Termination Date (or such earlier time permitted under Section 409A of the Code without the imposition of any accelerated or additional taxes under Section 409A of the Code).
 3. **Withholding Taxes:** This Award is generally taxable for purposes of United States federal income and employment taxes upon vesting based on the Fair Market Value on Vesting Date. To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Company for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise under this Award and, if applicable, any sale of Shares of the Common Stock. The Company shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock pursuant to this Award or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Company and you, these obligations will be satisfied by the Company withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under this Award that the Company determines has a Fair Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. For purposes of this Award, Fair Market Value is defined in Section 26(n) of the 2005 Plan.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with this Award, regardless of any action the Company takes or any transaction pursuant to this section with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with this Award. The Company makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of this Award or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the shares that vest. The Company does not commit and is under no obligation to structure this Award to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.
 4. **Disputes:** Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, any adjustments to made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under this Agreement, shall be determined by the Committee in accordance with its authority under Section 4 of the 2005 Plan and Section 7 of the MSPP. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding.
 5. **Other Matters:**
 - (a) The Award granted to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Company or any subsidiary or other affiliate of the Company to grant an award in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Company (or any subsidiary or other affiliate) might grant an award in any future year or in any given amount.
 - (b) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment or any promise of specific treatment upon which you may rely.
 - (c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Company may reduce your Award if you change classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.
 - (d) This Award is not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Company, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing benefits, severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.
 - (e) Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intuit Inc., a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles
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of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the Award granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in Santa Clara County in the State of California.

This Agreement (including the MSPP and the 2005 Plan, which is incorporated by reference) constitutes the entire agreement between you and the Company with respect to this Award, and supersedes all prior agreements or promises with respect to the Award. Except as provided in the MSPP and/or the 2005 Plan, this Agreement may be amended only by a written document signed by the Company and you. Subject to the terms of the MSPP and the 2005 Plan, the Company may assign any of its rights and obligations under this Agreement, and this Agreement shall be binding on, and inure to the benefit of, the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer of an Award described in Section 14 of the 2005 Plan, this Agreement shall be binding on your permitted successors and assigns (including heirs, executors, administrators and legal representatives). All notices required under this Agreement or the MSPP or the 2005 Plan must be mailed or hand-delivered, (1) in the case of the Company, to the Company at its address set forth in this Agreement, or at such other address designated in writing by the Company to you, and (2) in the case of you, at the address recorded in the books and records of the Company as your then current home address.

The Company has signed this Award Agreement effective as the Date of Grant.

INTUIT INC.
2632 Marine Way
Mountain View, California 94043

By: _____

INTUIT INC. 2005 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN GRANT AGREEMENT
Restricted Stock Unit
(Performance-Based Vesting)

Intuit Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby grants you a restricted stock unit award ("Award") pursuant to the Company's 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), for the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share ("Common Stock") set forth below. All capitalized terms in this Grant Agreement ("Agreement") that are not defined in this Agreement have the meanings given to them in the Plan. This Award is subject to all of the terms and conditions of the Plan, which is incorporated into this Agreement by reference. This Agreement is not meant to interpret, extend, or change the Plan in any way, or to represent the full terms of the Plan. If there is any discrepancy, conflict or omission between this Agreement and the provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall apply.

Name of Participant:

Employee ID:

Address:

Number of Shares:

Date of Grant:

Vesting Date:

Performance Goals to Begin Time-Based Vesting: The (1) net revenue growth and (2) operating income growth targets, attached hereto on Exhibit A (the "Performance Goals") must be achieved between _____ and _____ and certified by the Compensation and Organizational Development Committee (the "Committee") in order for the Time-Based Vesting described below to commence. The Committee will make such certification as soon as reasonably possible. If the Committee determines that the Performance Goals were not met by _____ this Award shall terminate upon the date of such determination.

Time-Based Vesting Once Performance Factor Goals Are Met: If the above Performance Goals are met, this Award will vest as to 100% of the Number of Shares on the Vesting Date set forth above, provided you have not Terminated through those respective dates.

1. In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date, the following provisions will govern the vesting of this Award:

- (a) Termination Generally: In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date for any reason other than as expressly set forth in the other subsections of this Section 1 of the Agreement, this Award will terminate without having vested as to any of the shares subject to this Award and you will have no right or claim to anything under this Award.
 - (b) Termination due to Retirement: In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to your Retirement, you will be vested pro-rata in a percentage equal to your number of full months of service since the Date of Grant divided by thirty-six months times the Number of Shares and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award, Retirement means the Termination of your employment with the Company after you have reached age fifty-five (55) and completed ten full years of consecutive service with the Company (including any Parent or Subsidiary).
 - (c) Termination due to Death or Total Disability: In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to your death or Total Disability after you have been actively employed by the Company for one year or more, this Award will vest as to 100% of the Number of the Shares on your Termination Date, and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award, Total Disability is defined in Section 5.6(a) of the Plan.
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- (d) Termination on or Within One Year Following Corporate Transaction: In the event of your Termination by the Company or its successor, prior to the Vesting Date, but on or within one year following the date of a Corporate Transaction, you will vest pro-rata in a percentage of the Number of Shares equal to your number of full months of service since the Date of Grant divided by thirty-six months, rounded down to the nearest whole share of Intuit Common Stock, and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award, Corporate Transaction is defined in Section 26(h) of the Plan.
- (e) Termination due to Involuntary Termination: In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to your Involuntary Termination, you will vest pro-rata in a percentage of the Number of Shares equal to your number of full months of service since the Date of Grant divided by thirty-six months, rounded down to the nearest whole share of Intuit Common Stock, and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award, Involuntary Termination means the Termination of your employment with the Company on account of your resignation within sixty (60) days after the occurrence any of the following events without your consent, (i) a material reduction in your duties that is inconsistent with your position at the time of the Date of Grant, (ii) any reduction in your base annual salary or target annual bonus (other than in connection with a general decrease in the salary or target bonuses for all officers of Intuit), or (iii) a requirement by Intuit that you relocate your principal office to a facility more than 50 miles from your principal office on the Date of Grant; provided however, that with regard to (i) through (iii) you must provide Intuit with written notice of its obligations hereunder and opportunity to cure within 15 days.
2. Issuance of Shares under this Award: The Company will issue you the Shares subject to this Award on the Vesting Date, except in the event of vesting due to Involuntary Termination as noted in Section 1(b), (d) and (e), above. In the event of the issuance of Shares pursuant to Section 1(b), (d) and (e), such issuance will occur no earlier than six months and one day after the date of your "separation from service" (as defined in Treas. Reg. 1.409A-1(h)) with Intuit, except when permitted by Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and the regulations and/or other interpretive authority thereunder. Until the date the shares are issued to you, you will have no rights as a stockholder of the Company.
3. Withholding Taxes: This Award is generally taxable for purposes of United States federal income and employment taxes upon vesting based on the Fair Market Value on Vesting Date. To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Company for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise under this Award and, if applicable, any sale of Shares of the Common Stock. The Company shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock pursuant to this Award or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Company and you, these obligations will be satisfied by the Company withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under this Award that the Company determines has a Fair Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. For purposes of this Award, Fair Market Value is defined in Section 26(n) of the Plan.
- You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with this Award, regardless of any action the Company takes or any transaction pursuant to this section with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with this Award. The Company makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of this Award or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the shares that vest. The Company does not commit and is under no obligation to structure this Award to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.
4. Disputes: Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, any adjustments to made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under this Agreement, shall be determined by the
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Committee in accordance with its authority under Section 4 of the Plan. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding.

5. Other Matters:

- (a) The Award granted to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Company or any subsidiary or other affiliate of the Company to grant an award in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Company (or any subsidiary or other affiliate) might grant an award in any future year or in any given amount.
- (b) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment or any promise of specific treatment upon which you may rely.
- (c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Company may reduce your Award if you change classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.
- (d) This Award is not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Company, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing benefits, severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.
- (e) Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intuit Inc., a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the Award granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in Santa Clara County in the State of California.

This Agreement (including the Plan, which is incorporated by reference) constitutes the entire agreement between you and the Company with respect to this Award, and supersedes all prior agreements or promises with respect to the Award. Except as provided in the Plan, this Agreement may be amended only by a written document signed by the Company and you. Subject to the terms of the Plan, the Company may assign any of its rights and obligations under this Agreement, and this Agreement shall be binding on, and inure to the benefit of, the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer of an Award described in Section 14 of the Plan, this Agreement shall be binding on your permitted successors and assigns (including heirs, executors, administrators and legal representatives). All notices required under this Agreement or the Plan must be mailed or hand-delivered, (1) in the case of the Company, to the Company at its address set forth in this Agreement, or at such other address designated in writing by the Company to you, and (2) in the case of you, at the address recorded in the books and records of the Company as your then current home address.

The Company has signed this Award Agreement effective as the Date of Grant.

INTUIT INC.
2632 Marine Way
Mountain View, California 94043

By: _____

HOMESTEAD TECHNOLOGIES INC. 2006 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN AWARD AGREEMENT
 Restricted Stock Unit
 (Service-Based Vesting)

Homestead Technologies Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), hereby grants you a Restricted Stock Unit Award ("Award") pursuant to the Company's 2006 Equity Incentive Plan (the "Plan"), for the number of shares of the Company's Common Stock set forth below. All capitalized terms in this Award agreement ("Agreement") that are not defined in this Agreement have the meanings given to them in the Plan. This Award is subject to all of the terms and conditions of the Plan, which is incorporated into this Agreement by reference. This Agreement is not meant to interpret, extend, or change the Plan in any way, or to represent the full terms of the Plan. If there is any discrepancy, conflict or omission between this Agreement and the provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall apply.

Name of Participant:

Number of Shares:

Date of Grant:

First Vesting Date:

Second Vesting Date:

Subject to the forfeiture provisions set forth in this Agreement, this Award will vest as to 50% of the Number of Shares on the First Vesting Date set forth above and as to 50% of the Number of Shares on the Second Vesting Date set forth above, provided your Continuous Service has not terminated through those respective dates.

1. In the event of your termination of Continuous Service prior to a Vesting Date, the following provisions will govern the vesting of this Award:

- (a) **In General:** In the event of your termination of Continuous Service prior to a Vesting Date for any reason other than as expressly set forth in the other subsections of this Section 1 of the Agreement, the portion of the Award that has not vested will be forfeited without consideration upon your termination of Continuous Service and you will have no right or claim to such forfeited portion.
- (b) **Termination of Continuous Service due to Retirement:** In the event of your termination of Continuous Service prior to a Vesting Date due to your Retirement, you will be vested, in the aggregate (including any previously vested shares), in that percentage of the Number of Shares equal to your number of full months of service since the Date of Grant divided by twenty-four months, rounded down to the nearest whole share of Company Common Stock, with such vesting effective as of the date of your termination of Continuous Service. For purposes of this Award, Retirement means the termination of Continuous Service of your employment with the Company after you have reached age fifty-five (55) and completed ten full years of service with the Company (including any Affiliate).
- (c) **Termination of Continuous Service due to Death or Disability:** In the event of your termination of Continuous Service prior to a Vesting Date due to your death or Disability after you have been actively employed by the Company for one year or more, this Award will vest as to 100% of the Number of the Shares on the date of your termination of Continuous Service, effective as of the date of your termination of Continuous Service.
- (d) **Termination of Continuous Service on or Within One Year Following Corporate Transaction:** In the event of your termination of Continuous Service by the Company or its successor, prior to a Vesting Date, but on or within one year following the date of a Corporate Transaction other than the proposed acquisition of the Company by Intuit Inc. pursuant to the Agreement and Plan of Merger dated November 20, 2007, you will be vested, in the aggregate (including any previously vested shares), in that percentage of the Number of Shares equal to your number of full months of service since the Date of Grant divided by twenty-four months, rounded down to the nearest whole share of Company Common Stock, with such vesting effective as of the date of your termination

of Continuous Service.

2. **Issuance of Shares of Common Stock under this Award:** The Company will issue you the applicable Number of Shares of Common Stock subject to this Award on each Vesting Date, subject, however, to the satisfaction of any applicable withholding taxes (as provided below). Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that the Company determines that any shares are scheduled to be issued on a day (the "Original Issuance Date") on which the issuance of the shares would be a violation of applicable law, as determined by the Company, then such shares will not be issued on such Original Issuance Date and will instead be issued on the first date thereafter on which the issuance of the shares would not be a violation of applicable law; provided, however, that, except as otherwise permitted under, or required for compliance with, Section 409A of the Code, in no event will the date of issuance be later than (a) the 15th day of the third month following the end of the Company's first taxable year in which the applicable Vesting Date occurs or (b) the 15th day of the third month following the end of your first taxable year in which the applicable Vesting Date occurs. With respect to vesting due to 1(b) or 1(d) above, issuance of the applicable Number of Shares of Common Stock subject to this Award shall not occur before the date of your "separation from service" (as defined in Treas. Reg. 1.409A-1(h)) with Intuit (provided that if you are a "specified employee" (as such term is defined under Section 409A of the Code), then Shares will not be issued to you until the date that is six months thereafter (or such earlier time permitted under Section 409A of the Code without the imposition of any accelerated or additional taxes under Section 409A of the Code)). Until the date the shares are issued to you, you will have no rights as a stockholder of the Company.
 3. **Withholding Taxes:** This Award is generally taxable for purposes of United States federal income and employment taxes upon the vesting and/or issuance the shares of Common Stock based on the Fair Market Value at such time(s). To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Company for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise under this Award and, if applicable, any sale of shares of the Common Stock. The Company shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock pursuant to this Award or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Company and you, the minimum statutory tax obligations will be satisfied by the Company withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under this Award that the Company determines has a Fair Market Value sufficient to meet the minimum statutory tax withholding obligations.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with this Award, regardless of any action the Company takes or any transaction pursuant to this section with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with this Award. The Company makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of this Award or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the shares that vest. The Company does not commit and is under no obligation to structure this Award to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.
 4. **Disputes:** Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, any adjustments to made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under this Agreement, shall be determined by the Committee in accordance with its authority under the Plan. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding.
 5. **Other Matters:**
 - (a) The Award granted to an Employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Company or any Affiliate to grant an award in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Company (or any Affiliate) might grant an award in any future year or in any given amount.
 - (b) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment or any promise of specific treatment upon which you may rely.
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- (c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Company may proportionately slow the rate of vesting of your Award (through the extension of the applicable Vesting Dates) if you change classification from a full-time Employee to a part-time Employee.
- (d) This Award is not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Company, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing benefits, cash severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.
- (e) Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of the Company's Common Stock, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the Award granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in Santa Clara County in the State of California.

This Agreement (including the Plan, which is incorporated by reference) constitutes the entire agreement between you and the Company with respect to this Award, and supersedes all prior agreements or promises with respect to the Award. Except as provided in the Plan, this Agreement may be amended only by a written document signed by the Company and you. Subject to the terms of the Plan, the Company may assign any of its rights and obligations under this Agreement, and this Agreement shall be binding on, and inure to the benefit of, the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer of an Award described in the Plan, this Agreement shall be binding on your permitted successors and assigns (including heirs, executors, administrators and legal representatives). All notices required under this Agreement or the Plan must be mailed or hand-delivered, (1) in the case of the Company, to the Company at its address set forth in this Agreement, or at such other address designated in writing by the Company to you, and (2) in the case of you, at the address recorded in the books and records of the Company as your then current home address.

The Company has signed this Agreement effective as the Date of Grant.

HOMESTEAD TECHNOLOGIES INC.
3375 Edison Way
Menlo Park, California 94025

By: _____

INTUIT INC. 2005 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN GRANT AGREEMENT
Restricted Stock Unit
(Service-Based Vesting)

Intuit Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), hereby grants you a restricted stock unit award (“Award”) pursuant to the Company’s 2005 Equity Incentive Plan (the “Plan”), for the number of shares of the Company’s Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share (“Common Stock”) set forth below. All capitalized terms in this Grant Agreement (“Agreement”) that are not defined in this Agreement have the meanings given to them in the Plan. This Award is subject to all of the terms and conditions of the Plan, which is incorporated into this Agreement by reference. This Agreement is not meant to interpret, extend, or change the Plan in any way, or to represent the full terms of the Plan. If there is any discrepancy, conflict or omission between this Agreement and the provisions of the Plan, the provisions of the Plan shall apply.

Name of Participant:

Employee ID:

Address:

Number of Shares:

Date of Grant:

First Vesting Date:

Second Vesting Date:

Subject to the forfeiture provisions set forth in this Agreement, this Award will vest as to 50% of the Number of Shares on the First Vesting Date set forth above and as to 50% of the Number of Shares on the Second Vesting Date set forth above, provided you have not Terminated through those respective dates.

1. In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date, the following provisions will govern the vesting of this Award:

- (a) **Termination Generally:** In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date for any reason other than as expressly set forth in the other subsections of this Section 1 of the Agreement, this Award will terminate without having vested as to any of the shares subject to this Award and you will have no right or claim to anything under this Award.
 - (b) **Termination due to Retirement:** In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to your Retirement, you will be vested pro-rata in a percentage equal to your number of full months of service since the Date of Grant divided by thirty-six months times the Number of Shares, minus any shares previously vested, rounded down to the nearest whole share of Intuit Common Stock, and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award, Retirement means the Termination of your employment with the Company after you have reached age fifty-five (55) and completed ten full years of service with the Company (including any Parent or Subsidiary).
 - (c) **Termination due to Death or Total Disability:** In the event of your Termination prior to the Vesting Date due to your death or Total Disability after you have been actively employed by the Company for one year or more, this Award will vest as to 100% of the Number of the Shares on your Termination Date, and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award, Total Disability is defined in Section 5.6(a) of the Plan.
 - (d) **Termination on or Within One Year Following Corporate Transaction:** In the event of your Termination by the Company or its successor, prior to the Vesting Date, but on or within one year following the date of a Corporate Transaction, you will vest pro-rata in a percentage of the Number of Shares equal to your number of full months of service since the Date of Grant divided by thirty-six months, rounded down to the nearest whole share of Intuit Common
-

Stock, and the Vesting Date under this Agreement will be your Termination Date. For purposes of this Award, Corporate Transaction is defined in Section 26(h) of the Plan.

2. **Issuance of Shares under this Award:** The Company will issue you the Shares subject to this Award on the Vesting Date, except that when the Vesting Date is due to an event under 1(b) or 1(d) above, then issuance shall be on the date of your "separation from service" (as defined in Treas. Reg. 1.409A-1(h)) with Intuit (provided that if you are a "specified employee" (as such term is defined under Section 409A of the Code), then Shares will not be issued to you before the date that is six months following the date of your "separation from service" (as defined in Treas. Reg. 1.409A-1(h)) (or such earlier time permitted under Section 409A of the Code without the imposition of any accelerated or additional taxes under Section 409A of the Code)). Until the date the shares are issued to you, you will have no rights as a stockholder of the Company.
 3. **Withholding Taxes:** This Award is generally taxable for purposes of United States federal income and employment taxes upon vesting based on the Fair Market Value on Vesting Date. To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Company for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise under this Award and, if applicable, any sale of Shares of the Common Stock. The Company shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock pursuant to this Award or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. Unless otherwise agreed to by the Company and you, these obligations will be satisfied by the Company withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under this Award that the Company determines has a Fair Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. For purposes of this Award, Fair Market Value is defined in Section 26(n) of the Plan.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with this Award, regardless of any action the Company takes or any transaction pursuant to this section with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with this Award. The Company makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of this Award or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the shares that vest. The Company does not commit and is under no obligation to structure this Award to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.
 4. **Disputes:** Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, any adjustments to made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under this Agreement, shall be determined by the Committee in accordance with its authority under Section 4 of the Plan. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding.
 5. **Other Matters:**
 - (a) The Award granted to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Company or any subsidiary or other affiliate of the Company to grant an award in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Company (or any subsidiary or other affiliate) might grant an award in any future year or in any given amount.
 - (b) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment or any promise of specific treatment upon which you may rely.
 - (c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement, the Company may reduce your Award if you change classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.
 - (d) This Award is not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Company, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing benefits, severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.
-

- (e) Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intuit Inc., a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the Award granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in Santa Clara County in the State of California.

This Agreement (including the Plan, which is incorporated by reference) constitutes the entire agreement between you and the Company with respect to this Award, and supersedes all prior agreements or promises with respect to the Award. Except as provided in the Plan, this Agreement may be amended only by a written document signed by the Company and you. Subject to the terms of the Plan, the Company may assign any of its rights and obligations under this Agreement, and this Agreement shall be binding on, and inure to the benefit of, the successors and assigns of the Company. Subject to the restrictions on transfer of an Award described in Section 14 of the Plan, this Agreement shall be binding on your permitted successors and assigns (including heirs, executors, administrators and legal representatives). All notices required under this Agreement or the Plan must be mailed or hand-delivered, (1) in the case of the Company, to the Company at its address set forth in this Agreement, or at such other address designated in writing by the Company to you, and (2) in the case of you, at the address recorded in the books and records of the Company as your then current home address.

The Company has signed this Award Agreement effective as the Date of Grant.

INTUIT INC.
2632 Marine Way
Mountain View, California 94043

By: _____



December 1, 2008

R. Neil Williams

Dear Neil:

Intuit has reviewed the terms of your employment agreement dated November 2, 2007 ("Employment Agreement"), in light of the requirements of Section 409A ("Section 409A") of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and has concluded that certain changes to your Employment Agreement are desirable under Section 409A. These changes are intended to bring your Employment Agreement into documentary compliance with the requirements for administration under Section 409A. Please review the following changes; however, in order to ensure compliance with Section 409A, Intuit must receive a copy of this document, executed by you, not later than December 31, 2008.

The first paragraph of subsection 2 under the Section entitled "Severance" will be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

In the event of your Involuntary Termination, Termination Without Cause or Termination Following a Change in Control, conditioned upon your execution of a general release and waiver of claims (in a form mutually satisfactory to you and Intuit) against Intuit, its officers and directors and your satisfying all conditions to make the release effective and irrevocable within 45 days after the date of such termination of employment, you will also be entitled to (i) a single lump sum severance payment equal to twelve (12) months of your then current annual base salary and 100% of your annual target bonus for the then current fiscal year (less applicable deductions and withholdings) payable upon the effective date of your "separation from service" (as defined in Treas. Reg. 1.409A-1(h)); and (ii) pro rata acceleration of the vesting and exercisability of the New Hire Option and the New Hire Stock Units, calculated as follows:

The last paragraph of the Section entitled "Severance" regarding Section 280G will be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

If your severance and other benefits provided for in this Section constitute "parachute payments" within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code and, but for this Section, would be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code, then your severance and other benefits under this paragraph will be payable, at your election, either in full or in such lesser amount as would result, after taking into account the applicable federal, state and local income taxes and the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code, in your receipt on an after-tax basis of the greater amount of severance and other benefits. If payment is to be in a lesser amount then reduction shall occur in the following order: (i) reduction of payments of cash; and (ii) cancellation of accelerated vesting of the New Hire Option and the New Hire Units.

The paragraph defining "Good Reason" in the "Definitions" section will be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"Good Reason" means (i) a reduction in your title or a material reduction in your duties or responsibilities that is inconsistent with your position as Chief Financial Officer and SVP such that you no longer report directly to the President and CEO, without your prior written consent; (ii) any reduction in your base annual salary or target bonus opportunity (other than in connection with a general decrease in the salary or target bonuses for all officers of Intuit) without your prior consent; (iii) a material breach by Intuit of any of its obligations hereunder; (iv) failure of any successor to assume this agreement; or (v) a requirement by Intuit, without your prior written consent, that you relocate your principal office to a facility more than 50 miles from Intuit's current Mountain View offices;

The paragraph defining "Involuntary Termination" in the "Definitions" section will be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"Involuntary Termination" is your termination of your employment immediately after (i) delivering written notice to the Company of the occurrence of an event constituting Good Reason (with such delivery made within the 90 days following the first occurrence of the event constituting Good Reason), and (ii) the failure of the Company to cure such event within the 30 days following delivery of the notice.

Except as expressly amended or modified herein, all terms and conditions of your Employment Agreement are hereby ratified, confirmed and approved and shall remain in full force and effect.

Please do not hesitate to contact me with any questions regarding these changes.

Sincerely,

/s/ LAURA A. FENNELL

Laura A. Fennell

Senior Vice President, General Counsel and
Corporate Secretary

AGREED AND ACCEPTED:

/s/ R. NEIL WILLIAMS

12/1/2008

Name

Date



December 1, 2008

Mr. Alexander M. Lintner

Dear Alex:

Intuit has reviewed the terms of your employment agreement dated June 24, 2005 ("Employment Agreement"), in light of the requirements of Section 409A ("Section 409A") of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and has concluded that certain changes to your employment agreement are desirable under Section 409A.

These changes are intended to bring your employment offer letter into documentary compliance with the requirements for administration under Section 409A. Please review the following changes; however, in order to ensure compliance with Section 409A, Intuit must receive a copy of this document, executed by you, not later than December 31, 2008.

The first paragraph of the section entitled "Separation Benefits" will be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

In the event of your involuntary termination without Cause, you will be entitled to a single lump sum severance payment equal to six month's of your then current base salary (less applicable deductions and withholdings) payable within twenty-one business days following the date which you return to Intuit a signed, valid, binding and irrevocable release agreement that is acceptable to Intuit which release must be delivered within 45 days after the date of such termination of employment.

Except as expressly amended or modified herein, all terms and conditions of your Employment Agreement are hereby ratified, confirmed and approved and shall remain in full force and effect.

Please do not hesitate to contact me with any questions regarding these changes.

Sincerely,

/s/ LAURA A. FENNELL

Laura A. Fennell
Senior Vice President, General Counsel and
Corporate Secretary

AGREED AND ACCEPTED:

/s/ ALEXANDER M. LINTNER

12/1/2008

Name

Date

May 18, 2004

Sasan Goodarzi

Dear Sasan:

On behalf of the Intuit team, it is with great pleasure that I extend to you this formal offer of employment to join us in the position of Vice President/General Manager, Vertical Business Management Solutions and General Manager, Intuit Distribution Management Systems (IDMS), in Boulder, Colorado reporting directly to Lorrie Norrington, Executive Vice President, Office of the CEO. We have all been impressed and excited by your talents, energy and experience, and are excited about the prospect of you joining our team.

The revised offer will remain open until close of business, Friday, May 21, 2004. The terms of our offer are as follows:

START DATE

We anticipate that you will start employment with Intuit on June 7, 2004 (“Start Date”).

BASE COMPENSATION

For your services, you will be paid an annual base salary of \$350,000, payable in bi-weekly installments and in accordance with Intuit’s standard payroll practices.

ANNUAL PERFORMANCE BONUS ELIGIBILITY

You will be eligible to participate in Intuit’s Performance Incentive Plan (“IPT”), a cash incentive compensation program beginning with Intuit’s August 1, 2004 to July 31, 2005 fiscal year. The IPI bonus measurement cycle is the same as Intuit’s fiscal year. Your target percentage under the IPI for Intuit’s 2005 fiscal year ending July 31, 2005 will be 40% of your base salary. Payouts under the IPI are tied to the achievements of Intuit and individual performance and are made to individuals who are employed on the date the IPI payment is made. The actual amount of your award, if any, will be determined in accordance with the terms and conditions outlined in the IPI plan document.

EQUITY

Subject to approval by the Compensation and Organizational Development Committee of Intuit’s Board of Directors or its designee, you will be granted a nonqualified stock option to purchase 60,000 shares of Common Stock of Intuit Inc. These options will be granted to you on your Start Date. The exercise price per share will be equal to the closing price of Intuit’s Common Stock on the Nasdaq National Market on the date of grant. If, however, that is not a trading day, the exercise price per share will be the closing price on the last trading day preceding your Start Date. The options will be subject to the terms of the Intuit Inc. 2002 Equity Incentive Plan. The options will vest over three years as to 33-1/3% of the option shares twelve months from the date of the grant, and as to an additional 2.778% of the option shares monthly thereafter for the next two years, provided you remain employed on the vesting date. The option will have a maximum term of seven years.

NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

Intuit will make a fully vested employer contribution of \$150,000 on your behalf to the Intuit Inc. Executive Deferred Compensation Plan (the "NQDCP"). Intuit will make this contribution net of required payroll withholding taxes within thirty days following your Start Date.

Provided you remain employed through your one-year anniversary of employment with Intuit, Intuit will make a fully vested employer contribution of \$150,000 on your behalf to the NQDCP (the "One-Year Anniversary NQDCP Contribution"). Intuit will make this One-Year Anniversary NQDCP Contribution net of required payroll withholding taxes within thirty days following the first anniversary of your Start Date. See Separation Benefits below for the effect your termination of Intuit employment within your first year of employment would have on this One-Year Anniversary NQDCP Contribution.

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the NQDCP, you will be able to elect to have these contributions credited with earnings pursuant to the investment alternatives offered under the NQDCP and elect when to take distribution of these contributions and any earnings credited thereon.

INSURANCE

You will be eligible to participate in Intuit's group health, life and dental insurance plans. Your benefits will become effective on the first day of the month coincident with or following your Start Date.

RELOCATION

You will be eligible for Intuit's executive relocation benefits under Intuit's Relocation Policy, plus an additional net of taxes amount of \$25,000 in relocation benefits. If you resign from Intuit prior to your first anniversary of employment, you agree to reimburse Intuit for a prorated amount of the relocation benefits paid to or on behalf of you by one-twelfth of every complete month of service after your Start Date.

SEPARATION BENEFITS

In the event of your involuntary termination without Cause within the first year of your employment, Intuit will make the \$150,000 One-Year Anniversary NQDCP Contribution on your behalf to the NQDCP payable within 30 days following the date your employment terminates provided you then sign a valid and binding release agreement.

In the event of your involuntary termination without Cause at anytime during your Intuit employment, you will also be entitled to a single lump sum severance payment equal to one year of your then current base salary (less applicable deductions and withholdings) payable within 30 days following the date your employment terminates provided you then sign a valid and binding release agreement.

In the event of your voluntary termination or termination for Cause, you will not be entitled to any portion of the above separation benefits.

For purposes of these separation benefits, the following shall constitute Cause for termination: (i) you have been convicted of a misdemeanor that involves moral turpitude or the embezzlement of property of Intuit or one of its affiliates; (ii) you have been convicted of a felony under the laws of the United States or any state thereof; (iii) your willful misconduct in the performance of your duties as an Intuit employee; (iv) your gross negligence in the performance of your duties as an Intuit employee; or (v) you have

persistently failed to follow the lawful instructions of your manager relating to an activity within the scope of your duties. In order for a condition identified in (iv) or (v) to constitute Cause, Intuit shall first have provided you with (A) at least 30 days' written notice of the alleged actions setting forth with specificity the events or failures complained of and (B) an opportunity to remedy to the reasonable satisfaction of your manager such condition within such 30 day period and you shall have failed to remedy such condition.

VACATION

You will accrue four weeks of vacation during your first year of employment.

SICK DAYS

You will be granted 40 hours of sick leave each calendar year. Your sick leave will accrue at the rate of 1.54 hours per pay period (bi-weekly).

PERFORMANCE/SALARY REVIEWS

Performance and salary reviews are conducted at least once per fiscal year. Your first salary review will be conducted in connection with your performance review for the fiscal year ending July 31, 2005.

BACKGROUND CHECK

This offer, and your employment, is contingent on Intuit's verification of background information, even if you should begin employment before completion of Intuit's background check.

CONFIDENTIALITY

This letter confirms our understanding that you are not subject to any employment agreement that would preclude us from offering this position to you or you joining our organization. This also confirms that you will not be asked to disclose to us or utilize any confidential or proprietary information from your prior places of employment, and that you understand that you must not do so. In addition, you will agree to execute and abide by Intuit's Employee Invention Assignment and Confidentiality Agreement as a condition of employment.

WORK AUTHORIZATION

Federal law requires Intuit to document an employee's authorization to work in the United States. To comply, Intuit must have a completed Form I-9 for you within three business days of your Start Date. You agree to provide Intuit with documentation required by the Form I-9 to confirm you are authorized to work in the United States. You understand and agree that if you do not comply with this requirement by close of business on the third business day following your Start Date, you will be placed on unpaid leave for up to five days to comply. You further understand and agree that failure to provide the necessary documentation by the end of the leave of absence period will result in termination of employment.

This letter also confirms the understanding that employment at Intuit is at the mutual consent of you and Intuit, and is at-will in nature and can be terminated at anytime for any reason or no reason by yourself or Intuit. This at-will employment relationship can only be modified in writing signed by Intuit's Senior Vice President of Human Resources.

This letter constitutes the entire agreement between you and Intuit and supersedes any and all prior agreements between the parties regarding employment.

Please review these terms and make sure they are consistent with your understanding. If so, please sign and date both copies of this letter and confirm your Start Date. The original of this letter is for your records.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me at (650) 944-6137.

We look forward to you joining the Intuit team.

Sincerely,

/s/ Eric Lane

Eric Lane
Director, Talent Acquisition & Mobility

AGREED AND ACCEPTED:

/s/ Sasan Goodarzi
Sasan Goodarzi

5/19/04
Date

06/07/04
Start Date



To: Sasan Goodarzi

From: Laura Fennell

Date: December 1, 2008

Subject: Amended Employment Agreement

Sasan,

We are excited that you agreed to take on the role of Senior Vice President and President/GM of IFID in Calabasas, CA. The purpose of this memo is to formally document the terms of your employment as initially specified in your May 18, 2004 revised offer letter and the October 9, 2007 memo.

In addition, Intuit has reviewed the terms of your employment, in light of the requirements of Section 409A ("Section 409A") of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and has concluded that certain clarifications are desirable under Section 409A. These changes are intended to bring your employment into documentary compliance with the requirements for administration under Section 409A. Please review the following changes; however, in order to ensure compliance with Section 409A, Intuit must receive a copy of this document, executed by you, not later than December 31, 2008.

The effective date of this promotion was September 10, 2007. Your transfer to IFID became official September 24, 2007. As of September 10, 2007, you also became a Section 16 Insider of Intuit. In your new role, you will continue to report directly to the CEO and will continue to be an at will employee.

Base Salary and Annual Incentive

Effective upon September 10, 2007 (the "Transition Date"), your annual base salary was increased to \$540,000. Your annual bonus target percentage was increased to 65%, retroactive to August 1, 2007.

NQDCP Contributions

Within thirty days following October 9, 2007 Intuit made a fully vested employer contribution of \$200,000 on your behalf to the Intuit Inc. 2005 Executive Deferred Compensation Plan (the "NQDCP"). This contribution was subject to certain payroll taxes.

Within 30 days following October 9, 2008, Intuit made a second fully vested employer contribution of \$200,000 on your behalf to the NQDCP. This contribution was subject to certain payroll taxes.

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the NQDCP, you will be able to elect to have these contributions credited with earnings pursuant to the investment

alternatives offered under the NQDCP and to elect when to take distribution of these contributions and any earnings credited thereon.

Equity Awards

As approved by the Compensation and Organizational Development Committee of Intuit's Board of Directors or its designee, you were granted a nonqualified stock option to purchase 20,000 shares of Common Stock of Intuit Inc. These options were granted to you on the seventh business day of October 2007 (i.e., the seventh business day of the month following your promotion date, as per Intuit's standard equity granting practice). The exercise price per share will be equal to the closing price of Intuit's Common Stock on the Nasdaq National Market on the date of grant. If, however, that is not a trading day, the exercise price per share will be the closing price on the last trading day preceding the date of grant. The options will be subject to the terms of the Intuit Inc. 2005 Equity Incentive Plan. The options will vest over three years with 33-1/3% of the option shares vesting twelve months from your Transition Date, and an additional 2.778% of the option shares vesting monthly thereafter for the next two years, provided you remain employed by Intuit Inc. on the vesting dates. The option will have a maximum term of seven years.

Also as approved by the Compensation and Organization Development Committee or its designee, you were granted 10,000 restricted stock units (referred to as "Stock Units" or "SUs"). These Stock Units were granted to you on the seventh business day of October 2007, according to the equity granting practice described above. Provided Intuit achieves the specified revenue and operating income performance hurdles for these Stock Units in FY08, the Stock Units will vest after three years, so long as you remain employed by Intuit Inc. on the vesting date. Your Stock Units and the issuance of the underlying Intuit Inc. Common Stock will be subject to the terms and conditions of your Stock Unit Agreement and the Intuit Inc. 2005 Equity Incentive Plan.

Relocation Assistance

Since this role is based in California, we agreed that you will relocate from Texas under Intuit's Executive Relocation Policy. Intuit will provide you with mortgage assistance to assist you with the purchase of a home. This mortgage assistance will apply directly towards the repayment of principal and interest, up to a mortgage of \$1,200,000. The assistance will be designed to effect an approximate 5% reduction off of your interest rate for the first year of your mortgage, a 4% interest reduction for the second year, a 3% interest reduction for the third year, 2% interest reduction for the fourth year, and a 1% interest reduction for the fifth year. This mortgage assistance will end on the earlier of the fifth year of your mortgage or the date your employment with Intuit ends.

Your relocation benefits will be limited to the terms of the Executive Relocation Policy and the mortgage benefit as described above.

Please note that this special compensation package including this relocation assistance is based on your job moving from Texas to this extremely high cost area in California. In the event of your job moving outside of California on behalf of Intuit, the terms of your compensation and relocation assistance will likely be modified.

Involuntary Termination

The Separation Benefits set forth in your May 18, 2004 revised offer letter remain in place; however, in order to comply with Section 409A, the second paragraph of the "Separation Benefits" section of that letter shall be revised to read in its entirety as follows:

In the event of your involuntary termination without Cause at anytime during your Intuit employment, you will also be entitled to a single lump sum severance payment equal to one year of your then current base salary (less applicable deductions and withholdings) payable within 30 days following the date your employment terminates, provided you have returned to Intuit a signed, valid, binding and irrevocable release agreement that is acceptable to Intuit which release must be delivered within 45 days after the date of such termination of employment.

This memo, your existing stock option agreements and stock unit agreements and your May 18, 2004 revised offer letter set forth the entire agreement between you and Intuit regarding the terms of your employment. You agree to continue to be bound by the Employee Inventions Assignment and Confidentiality Agreement which you signed on June 7, 2004.

Please let me know if you have any questions or concerns.

Understood and Agreed:

/s/ Sasan Goodarzi
Sasan Goodarzi

12/1/08
Date



December 1, 2008

Brad Smith

Dear Brad:

Intuit has reviewed the terms of your employment agreement dated October 1, 2007 ("Employment Agreement"), in light of the requirements of Section 409A ("Section 409A") of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") and has concluded that certain changes to your Employment Agreement are desirable under Section 409A. These changes are intended to bring your Employment Agreement into documentary compliance with the requirements for administration under Section 409A. Please review the following changes; however, in order to ensure compliance with Section 409A, Intuit must receive a copy of this document, executed by you, not later than December 31, 2008.

Section 8(a) regarding "Involuntary Termination" will be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

You may terminate your employment upon written notice to the Board at any time before the first anniversary of the date on which first occurs an event constituting Good Reason, as such term is defined in Section 9, below (an "Involuntary Termination"), provided however that your notice of termination of employment on this basis is delivered to Intuit within the 90 days following the occurrence of the event constituting Good Reason and that such termination is not effective until the end of a period of not less than 30 days from the date of delivery of such notice to Intuit, during which Intuit may cure such occurrence;

Section 9 defining "Good Reason" will be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

"Good Reason" means (i) a reduction in your title or a material reduction in your duties or responsibilities that is inconsistent with your position as President and Chief Executive Officer that you no longer report directly to the Board, without your prior written consent; (ii) any reduction in your base annual salary or target bonus opportunity (other than in connection with a general decrease in the salary or target bonuses for all officers of Intuit) without your prior consent; (iii) a material breach by Intuit of any of its obligations hereunder; (iv) failure of any successor to assume this agreement; or, (v) a requirement by Intuit, without your prior written consent, that you relocate your principal office to a facility more than 50 miles from Intuit's current headquarters.

Section 10(b) regarding severance will be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

In the event of your Involuntary Termination or Termination Without Cause or Termination Following a Change in Control, conditioned upon your execution of a general release and waiver of claims (in a form mutually satisfactory to you and Intuit) against Intuit, its officers and directors and your satisfying all conditions to make the release effective and irrevocable within 45 days after the date of such termination of employment, you will also be entitled to (i) a single lump sum severance payment equal to 12 months of your then current annual base salary and 100% of your Target Bonus for the then current fiscal year (less applicable deductions and withholdings) payable upon the date of your "separation from service" (as defined in Treas. Reg. 1.409A-1(h)); and (ii) pro rata acceleration of the vesting and exercisability of the Promotion Option and the Promotion Stock Units, as described above in Sections 4 and 5, respectively.

Section 11(a) regarding Section 280G will be amended and restated to read in its entirety as follows:

If your severance and other benefits provided for in Section 10 constitute "parachute payments" within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code and, but for this subsection, would be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code, then your severance and other benefits under Section 10 will be payable, at your election, either in full or in such lesser amount as would result, after taking into account the applicable federal, state and local income taxes and the excise tax imposed by Section 4999, in your receipt on an after-tax basis of the greater amount of severance and other benefits. If payment is to be in a lesser amount then reduction shall occur in the following order: (i) reduction of payments of cash; and (ii) cancellation of accelerated vesting of the Promotion Option and Promotion Stock Units and any other equity awards for which vesting acceleration is provided; and in each case reduction shall be pro rata between those payments subject to Section 409A and payments not subject to Section 409A.

Except as expressly amended or modified herein, all terms and conditions of your Employment Agreement are hereby ratified, confirmed and approved and shall remain in full force and effect.

Please do not hesitate to contact me with any questions regarding these changes.

Sincerely,

/s/ LAURA A. FENNELL

Laura A. Fennell
Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary

AGREED AND ACCEPTED:

/s/ BRAD D. SMITH

12/3/2008

Name

Date

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO
EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13 a-14(a)/15d-14(a)**

I, Brad D. Smith, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Intuit Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 4, 2008

By: /s/ BRAD D. SMITH

Brad D. Smith
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO
EXCHANGE ACT RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)**

I, R. Neil Williams, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Intuit Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 4, 2008

By: /s/ R. NEIL WILLIAMS

R. Neil Williams
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Intuit Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended October 31, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Brad D. Smith, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/BRAD D. SMITH

Brad D. Smith
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: December 4, 2008

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Intuit Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended October 31, 2008 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), R. Neil Williams, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ R. NEIL WILLIAMS

R. Neil Williams

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: December 4, 2008